

FORSKNINGS-  
AVDELNINGENS  
ARBETSRAPPORTSERIE

NR 40

ERSTA SKÖNDAL HÖGSKOLA

40

RESEARCH  
DEPARTMENT'S  
WORKING PAPERS

NO 40

ERSTA SKÖNDAL UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

# A literary overview of Swedish civil society research

JOHAN VAMSTAD

Stockholm, 2006

# A literary overview of Swedish civil society research

JOHAN VAMSTAD

Ersta Sköndal University College  
2006

Published by The Research Department, Ersta Sköndal University College  
Copyright © 2006 Johan Vamstad  
ISSN 1402-277X

Cover: Hans Andersson H&I Design  
Print: Elanders Gotab AB, Stockholm 2006  
Production: Sari Nurminen

# PREFACE

In 2004-2005 the Research Department at Ersta Sköndal University College participated in a Nordic project funded by the Nordic Council of Ministers, "Citizens' intermediate organisations and governance of the challenges of welfare services in Nordic societies," where the primary task was to create a complete database of civil society research publications in each country. This literary overview is a slightly revised excerpt from the Swedish database, with a short introduction by Johan Vamstad, doctoral student of political science. The Swedish database is available in full at the Ersta Sköndal University College website as well as in a composite Nordic version at the Nordic Council of Ministers website.

In terms of subject, scope and design, this literary review is the first of its kind in Sweden. It is our hope that it may be of use to all those who have cause to explore the subject.

Lars Svedberg  
Professor, Research Director



# CONTENTS

PREFACE	3
INTRODUCTION	7
SWEDISH PUBLICATIONS ON CIVIL SOCIETY	11
PUBLICATIONS FROM THE RESEARCH DEPARTMENT	57



# INTRODUCTION

This literary overview was conducted as part of the Swedish case in a Nordic research project, “Citizens’ intermediate organisations and governance of the challenges of welfare services in Nordic societies”, assigned to five research teams, one for each Nordic country, to create a complete database of civil society publications. The project was funded by the Nordic Council of Ministers and led by Aila-Lena Matthies. The Swedish part of the project was conducted by Lars Svedberg and myself, Johan Vamstad, and the final results were presented at a conference in Magdeburg on November 23-24, 2005. Among these results were, besides the database, a chapter by Svedberg and Vamstad in the book *Nordic civic society organisations and future of welfare services - A model for Europe?* called *The civil society and the provision of welfare – ideological visions and social realities*. The database was constructed during the spring of 2005 with a minor update performed in the fall. The list of publications presented here is from the full and most inclusive version of the database, as opposed to the somewhat less extensive version used in the research report, for reasons of comparability within the project. The list is edited for clarity, it is, in other words, a slightly revised version of the database entries.

The selection criteria are essential for any literary review. The criteria for this particular review were common to all five country studies in the project, but the Swedish study used a more liberal interpretation of the criteria so that the publications presented here include a number that were excluded in the final version submitted to the Nordic project. The foremost selection criterion, of course, was that the selected publications should concern civil society. Civil society is here defined as encompassing activities performed neither in the public nor in the market sector. Since the project aimed at studying the area of welfare services, the civil society publications included were *only those that concerned welfare services in some capacity*. This is the criterion where the liberal, Swedish interpretation differs most from the definition that came to be commonly used within the project. In our country study, we applied *a generally wider definition of what might be seen as concerning welfare issues and welfare services*. The Swedish study includes, for instance, several historical works that we considered relevant for an understanding of civil society in the Swedish welfare context but that we excluded at the Nordic level. A second selection criterion was that the included publication should be a research product and not a popular work or one written as part of undergraduate studies.

Defining the time frame was difficult since there are no ‘natural’ boundaries for the period studied; but civil society research in its present form is a fairly recent phenomenon and all the publications included were written between 1988 and 2005. Stretching the time frame further back in history would have meant risking entanglement in something other than was originally intended. Publications on what is now understood as civil society were to some extent produced before 1988 but they were few and hard to categorize, not least since the term in its modern meaning was not used until the 1980’s. The phenomenon studied here is primarily the surge in civil society research during the late 1980’s and the establishment of this research area as we know it today. The choice of the specific year 1988 is coincidental, being the year that the first really relevant, modern publication on civil society was published.



The material in the database was collected according to a multi-track method of assembly. The four different methods used overlapped in many instances and several publications could be found using all four methods. These were:

*The Snowball method.* A few well-known works were included and consulted for references. Those references provided new entries in the database, leading in turn through their references to more entries and so on. This snowballing stopped, however, when the string of publications and references drifted beyond the selection criteria stated above.

*The general search method.* When the 'snowball' finally lost momentum, a more general search of library databases and other searchable collections took over using many different search terms; civil society, third sector, social movement, voluntary organisation, and so on.

*Total studies of pinpoint areas.* The general search was clearly just a skimming of the existing material, even if a hefty one. It seemed that more publications could be found by digging deeper into some specific sources of research on civil society. This assumption proved to be correct when the 3000 publications issued by the National Board on Health and Welfare from 1990 to 2005 were studied. Among other sources to also undergo a complete study were all departments of sociology, social work, business administration and political science at all Swedish universities, where dissertations and other publications were catalogued.

*The collegial commentary method.* This last method of collecting publications was used late in the process as a complement to the previous methods. A preliminary list of publications was circulated among fellow scholars with experience in the research field, which turned up a few additional publications by their recommendation.

The publications collected with these methods were entered into a database using the EndNote software. Each publication got an entry in the database with the basic data; author, year of publication, publisher, number of pages, etc. There may be some variation in which types of data that is displayed for each publication in this overview. This is due to the fact that the following list is generated from the database by the software and some entries in the database are more extensive than others, even if all have the basic, required data. All publications were also sorted into one of six possible categories for reasons of searchability and keywords were added for the same reason. Brief summaries were added to some of the entries that was considered being of special interest. Original summaries were used where available, in some cases already in English, otherwise in translation from Swedish. Summaries were, in other words, added to those entries where they were readily available and to those considered especially significant for the studied research field. The matter of language was a concern in the construction of the database. The fact that the database is written entirely in English posed a problem since most of the titles were in Swedish. Replacing the Swedish titles with 'homemade' English ones was of course out of the question for several reasons, including research ethics. The Swedish titles were therefore kept but followed by the English translations.

The list of publications presented here is an overview of the material in the database, which contains many more variables, searchable by themselves or in combination. *The database is available in full at the research website of the Ersta Sköndal University College and will be available together with the other Nordic databases in some form at the website of the Nordic Council of Ministers.* The full database can be used to identify some developments in the writings on the civil society in a way that this list cannot. Some of these developments are easily detectable, such as the considerably higher number of publications at the end of the period surveyed than at its beginning. Some others might not emerge unless the database is searched using two variables,

which the EndNote software allows. Since EndNote is primarily a database program for easy access to citations, the primary user of this database library is probably someone engaged in writing about civil society as a student or researcher.



# SWEDISH PUBLICATIONS ON CIVIL SOCIETY

Ahrne, G. (2001).

*Organisationer och samhälle* ("Organisations and society"). Lund, Studentlitteratur.

Ahrne, G. and N. Brunsson (2001).

*Metaorganisationer - identitet och auktoritet* ("Federative organisations – Identity and authority"). Stockholm, SCORE (Stockholms centrum för forskning om offentlig sektor), Stockholm University.

Ahrne, G. and M. Boström (2004).

*Pendelrörelser mellan frivillighet och tvång: organisationers kamp om regleringsstrategier* ("The pendular movement between volunteering and restrictions - Organisations' struggle with regulation strategies"). Offprint / Department of Sociology, Stockholm University.

Ahrne, G. and G. Brunsson (2004).

*Organisationer med dubbla identiteter* ("Double identity organisations"). Stockholm, Department of Sociology, Stockholm University.

Ahrne, G. and G. Brunsson (2004).

*Regelexplosionen* ("The regulation explosion"). Offprint/ Stockholm, Department of Sociology, Stockholm University.

Ahrne, G. and N. Brunsson (2004).

*Regler innanför och utanför organisationer* ("Internal and external rules of organisations"). Stockholm, EFI (Ekonomiska forskningsinstitutet), Stockholm School of Economics.

Ahrne, G., A. Forssell, et al. (2004).

*Meningen med föreningen: vad är frivilligt med frivilligorganisationer?* ("The meaning of associations. What is voluntary about voluntary organisations?"). Stockholm, Department of Sociology, Stockholm University.

Ahrne, G. and A. Papakostas (2002).

*Organisationer, samhälle och globalisering: tröghetens mekanismer och förnyelsens förutsättningar* ("Organisations, society and globalisation. The mechanisms of inertia and the prerequisites for renewal"). Lund, Studentlitteratur.

Albinson, F. (2002).

*Demokrati underifrån: om folkrörelser, delaktighet och bistånd* ("Grassroots Democracy – About social movements, participation and aid"). Stockholm, Kooperation Utan Gränser.

Aléx, P. (Ed) (1996).

*Förändring & förnyelse - Kooperativ årsbok 1997* ("Change and renewal"). Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier

Aléx, P. (Ed) (1998).

*Synliga och osynliga vinster: sociala bokslut & kooperativ effektivitet - Kooperativ årsbok 1998* ("Visible and invisible profits – Social audits and co-operative efficiency"). Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier.

Aléx, P., B. Wikström, et al. (Eds) (1999).

*Mellan stat & marknad Kooperativ årsbok 1999* ("Between state and market"). Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier.

Ambjörnsson, R. (2001).

*Den skötsamme arbetaren: idéer och ideal i ett norrländskt sågverksambälle 1880-1930* ("The dutiful worker. Ideas and ideals in a northern milling community 1880-1930"). Stockholm, Carlsson.

This book is a historical account of the emergence of social movements in the early 20th century. Ambjörnsson studies the rural working class environment of northern Sweden to discover the driving forces behind the organisation of popular mass education in reading societies and "study rings". The book concludes that the flourishing voluntary education and self-education in the northern hamlet of Holmsund was a means of working class emancipation, where the voluntary organisations aided the working class population to break the ruling class hold over education and thereby ultimately their power in society.

Amini, H., P. Borovkova, et al. (1994).

*Svensk producentkooperation utanför lantbruket* ("Swedish producer co-operatives in non-agricultural industries"). Uppsala, Swedish University of Agricultural Science.

Amnå, E. (1995).

*Ideell verksamhet: förutsättningar, organisering och betydelse: handlingsprogram för forskning* ("Non-profit business. Conditions, organisation and significance – An action program for research"). Stockholm, Fritzes.

This report was initiated by the government in 1993 when a majority in Parliament supported a proposal to develop a national action plan for research on the non-profit sector. The commission to write such a research plan was offered to Erik Amnå at Örebro University and this book is the result of his efforts to categorise, describe and analyse the non-profit sector and the existing research on the sector. The book both presents the results of Amnå's study as well as policy recommendations for national research in the subject area.

Amnå, E., (Ed). (1995).

*Medmänsklighet att hyra? Åtta forskare om ideell verksamhet.* ("Compassion for rent? Eight researchers on voluntary activities") Örebro, Libris.

Amnå, E., (Ed). (1999).

*Civilsambället* ("Civil Society"). SOU 1999:84. Stockholm, Fakta info direkt.

This book is one in a series of thirteen books that constitute the extensive democracy study ordered by the Swedish government in 1997. This particular book deals with the role of civic society in Swedish democracy. The aim of the book is to define contemporary civic society as well as to analyse its role in a future Swedish welfare state. It is also a stated purpose to clarify and develop the definition and terminology of civic society in Sweden. The book collects contributions from a wide range of researchers and academic disciplines.

Amnå, E., T. Lundström & L.Svedberg (2000).

*Three essays on volunteerism and voluntary organisations*. Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Amnå, E., Ed. (2005).

*Civilsambället - Några forskningsfrågor* ("Civil Society – Some research questions"). Hedemora, Gidlunds förlag.

Andersen, J., M. Rydahl, et al. (1999).

*Kulturföreningar, individen och sambället* ("Cultural associations, the individual and society"). Malmö, Malmö University.

Aronsson, P. (2002).

*Tillit eller misstro i småorternas land - en studie av social ekonomi i fem län* ("Trust or mistrust in the land of small towns – A study of social economy in five regions"). Växjö, Växjö University.

Aronsson, P. and E. Amnå (1999).

*Demokrati och medborgarskap* ("Democracy and citizenship"). Demokratiutredningens forskarvolym, no 2. Stockholm, Fakta info direkt.

Aytar, O. (2003).

*Interaktionen mellan invandrarnas riksorganisationer och den svenska staten: ett strukturellt fenomenologiskt perspektiv* ("Interaction between immigrants' national organisations and the Swedish state – A structural-phenomenological perspective"). Offprint/ Stockholms universitet, Sociologiska institutionen, 222: 83-101. Stockholm, Department of Sociology, Stockholm University

Bartilsson, S. (2000).

*Arbete i egen regi: från arbetsmarknadsprojekt till social ekonomi* ("Self-employment. From labour market project to social economy"). Göteborg, Daidalos.

Bengtsson, B., et al., Eds. (2004).

*Föreningsliv, makt och integration: rapport från Integrationspolitiska maktutredningens forskningsprogram* ("Associational life, power and integration. A report from the research program for investigation into political power through integration policy"). Ds: departementsserien, 2004:49. Stockholm, Fritzes offentliga publikationer, Ministry of Justice.

Bengtsson, H. A., et al. (1999).

*Civilsambället som demokratins arena* ("Civil society as an arena for democracy"). Stockholm, Fakta info direkt.

This collection of five articles written by social scientists from different academic disciplines is another contribution to the governmental democracy study initiated in 1997. The purpose of the book is to add depth to the study of civic society within this project of estimating the state of Swedish democracy. The articles try to identify not only the actual role of civic society in Swedish democracy but also what role it *should* have. A critical view is applied, also from a feminist perspective.

Bergmark, Å. (1994).

*Från bidrag till ersättning? Om kommunernas stöd till de frivilliga organisationerna inom den sociala sektorn* ("From subsidy to funding? About municipal support of voluntary organisations in the social sector"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

This report addresses the emerging research field of voluntary organisations as producers of welfare services. The issue of voluntary organisations as producers of welfare has gained in significance as public funding for these services has declined and the organisation of the present social security system has increasingly become the subject of scrutiny. This report deals with the question of how the municipalities distribute economic support to voluntary organisations and what changes can be identified in the extent of that support, its conditions and organisational framework. Bergmark also reviews how municipal decision makers and the voluntary organisations view these changes. The publication is the first in the Sköndal research series.

Bergqvist, C. and A. Nyberg (2001).

*Den svenska barnomsorgsmodellen: kontinuitet och förändring under 1990-talet* ("The Swedish child care model – Continuity and change in the 1990's"). *Välfärdstjänster i omvandling*. Stockholm, Fritzes: 239-280.

This contribution to the national "welfare audit" project in Sweden deals with the highly politicised field of child care in the Swedish welfare state. The authors especially address the issues of decentralization and "privatisation". "Privatisation" in the field of child care is largely a movement towards third sector services rather than for profit.

Bergström, E., L. Dahlberg, et al. (2002).

*Anhörigvårdares vardag: en kunskapsöversikt och två studier kring äldres anhöriga* ("The everyday of care giving relatives: An overview of two studies on the relatives of elderly care takers"). Falun, The research council of Dalarna.

This report provides a generic presentation of research on the work of relatives and their need for support. A few models for support are presented, both from local authorities and from voluntary organisations. This report also presents the results from two studies on how the care giving relatives experience these support structures. One of the studies is based on interviews carried out in the rural municipality of Vansbro, while the other draws conclusions from a study in equally rural Gagnef.

Bergström, S. (1989).

*Den tredje vågens strategi: kooperativ företagsledning på nygammalt sätt* ("The third wave strategy. Co-operative management in an old, renewed way"). Stockholm, Rabén & Sjögren.

Björklund, E.-M. (1997).

Den ömsesidiga relationen - ett instrument för utveckling ("The mutual relationship, an instrument for development"). *Förändring & Förnyelse Kooperativ Årsbok 1997*. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa studier. 17: 1-17.

Blennberger, E., E. Jeppsson Grassmann, U. Habermann and Socialstyrelsen (2004).

*Gennus och civilt sambälle* ("Gender and civil society"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

This report deals with women's and men's participation in civic society organisations and social networks. Are there differences in women's and men's work and influence in civic society organisations? If yes, are there patterns to these differences? This study aims at making such differences visible, both through studying different types of organisations and the population as a whole.

Blideman, B. and E. Laurelii (2003).

*Med gemensam kraft: en studiebok om sociala arbetskooperativ* ("By joining forces. A study book on social work co-operatives"). Stockholm, Kommentus.

Blideman, I. and Ideella beredningen (1994).

*Tillbaka till framtiden: om samverkan mellan offentlig och ideell sektor: om medborgarnas rättigheter och skyldigheter: dokumentation från en konferens 31 januari 1994 i Stockholm* ("Back to the future. About co-operation between the public and non-profit sectors and about citizens' rights and responsibilities. Proceedings from a conference, Stockholm, January 31, 1994"). Stockholm, Ideella beredningen.

Blomqvist, K. (1998).

Social redovisning i kooperativa och ömsesidiga försäkringsföretag: en fallstudie ("Social audits in co-operative and mutual insurance companies. A case study"). *Kooperativ årsbok 1998*. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa studier 18: 68-80.

Blomqvist, K. and S. Å. Bööck (1994).

Kooperationen och konsumenternas välfärd ("The Co-operative movement and consumer welfare"). *Kooperativ årsbok 1994*. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa studier 14:167-186.

Blomqvist, K., P. Holmström, et al. (1999).

*Den kooperativa människan: bidrag till en humanvetenskaplig kooperationsteori för samhällsplanering, medborgarskap och forskning* ("Co-operative man - A contribution to a humanities theory on co-operatives for societal planning, citizenship and research"). Stockholm, Dialogos.

Blomqvist, K. and K. Ottermark (1999).

Arbetarrörelsen och arbetskooperationen ("The labour movement and the worker co-operative"). *Mellan stat och marknad Kooperativ årsbok 1999*. P. O. Alex, Jan and Wikström, Berit. Stockholm, Föreningen kooperativa studier 19: 104-130.



Blomqvist, P. (2003).

”The choice revolution. Privatization of Swedish welfare services in the 1990’s.” *Social policy and Administration* 38 (2): 139-155.

Blomqvist, P. (2004).

*Ideas and policy convergence. Health care reforms in the Netherlands and Sweden in the 1990s.* Ann Arbor, Michigan, UMI Dissertations Services.

The question raised in this dissertation is how the recent tendency towards policy convergence in European health care can be explained. It is argued that the two main types of health care systems found in Europe, the social insurance-based systems of the Rhine countries and the tax-based systems in the UK and Scandinavia, grew more similar in their internal organisation during the 1990s, as they both assumed more market-like features. Particularly, within both systems efforts have been made to increase the degree of competition among health care providers. This policy outcome is important not least because it opens the way for a Europe-wide commercial market for health services, a development that may undermine the solidarity ideals on which national health care systems in Europe were once founded.

Blomqvist, P., S. Murhem, et al. (2003).

*Facket och globaliseringen inom metallindustrin: en studie av de svenska fackförbundens strategier* (“The labour movement and the globalisation of the metal industry. A study of Swedish labour union strategies”). Uppsala, Uppsala University.

Bodin, V., K. Wittsell, et al. (1990).

*Frivilligarbete, ett sätt att bryta ensamma människors isolering? Axplock ur Stockholms frivilligverksamhet* (“Voluntary work, a means of alleviating social isolation? Examples from voluntary work in Stockholm”). Stockholm, The Stockholm Institute of Education.

Boklund, A. (1997).

*Paraply för social frivillighet? Granskning av Forum för frivilligt socialt arbete de tre första verksamhetsåren* (“An umbrella for social volunteering? A survey of Forum for Voluntary Social Work during the three first years”). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Forum for Voluntary Social Work is a joint project for several of the voluntary sector’s organisations for social services. A research team at the Sköndal institute was assigned to follow and evaluate the organisation and its activities during its first three years. This report describes and analyses the conditions of the Forum during those first years. Also tied in is a more general discussion of the conditions for organisations of this sort and alternative ways of developing forums for voluntary social work.

Boström, M. (1999).

*Den organiserade miljörelsen - Fallstudier av Svenska Naturskyddsföreningen, Världsnaturfonden WWF, Miljöförbundet Jordens Vänner, Greenpeace och det Naturliga Steget* (“The organised environmental movement. Case studies from the Swedish Society for Nature Conservation, the World Wildlife Fund (WWF), Friends of the Earth, Greenpeace, and The Natural Step”). Stockholm, SCORE, Stockholm University.

Boström, M. (2000).

*Om relationen mellan stat och civilsamhälle: miljöorganisationers interaktion med statliga och politiska organisationer* ("On relations between the state and civil society. The interaction of environmental organisations with governmental and political organisations"). Stockholm, SCORE, Stockholm University.

Boström, M. (2001).

*Miljörörelsens mångfald* ("The manifold environmental movement"). Lund, Arkiv.

Few still question the sincerity of environmental issues. Public authorities, political parties, businesses and individuals all deal with environmental problems in different ways; but the different stakeholders have all become less confrontational and more co-operative. The various environmental organisations exert influence in different ways, complement each other and make use of each other's knowledge, interests and practices. Does this development mean that environmental organisations have become too far integrated into mainstream society or can they still challenge environmentally harmful power-centres through the independent, critical pursuit of environmental issues?

Boström, M. (2001).

*Voluntary rule-making in the environmental field. New alliances between the state, enterprise and environmental organizations*. Stockholm, SCORE, Stockholm University.

Boström, M., A. Forssell et al., Eds. (2004).

*Den organiserade frivilligheten* ("Organised volunteering"). Lund, Liber.

It is an increasingly recognized understanding that voluntary organisations play an important economic, social and democratic role in today's society. Examples are the voluntary use of ecolabels, multinational corporations that voluntarily follow social and environmental guidelines, and an increasing voluntary influence in medical and health care. *Den organiserade frivilligheten* analyses this tendency from a critical organizational perspective.

Brenner, M. (2000).

"Sociala rörelsers politiska ekonomi: LO och den ekonomiska politiken under efterkrigstiden" ("The political economy of social movements. The Swedish Trade Union Confederation and economic policy in the post-war era"). *Politiskt inflytande*. Neergard, Anders and Stubbegard, Ylva (Ed). Lund: Studentlitteratur

Bring, S. and Svenska kommunförbundet (1999).

*Välfärd i samverkan: om kommunerna och frivilligsektorn* ("Welfare in co-operation – About municipal co-operation with the voluntary sector"). Stockholm, Svenska kommunförbundet.

This report provides a descriptive account of co-operation between municipalities and voluntary organisations in contemporary Sweden. Tendencies in the present development are identified and the report includes a concluding discussion on how this co-operation could be further developed, both in terms of quantity and quality.

Brodin, J.-A. (2003).

*A matter of choice: A micro-level study on how Swedish New-agers choose their religious beliefs and practices*. Stockholm, Department of Sociology, Stockholm University.

Bromander, J. (1997).

”En folkrörelse med många röster: en studie av Svenska kyrkans körverksamhet ”(”A mass movement of many voices - A study of Church of Sweden choirs”). *Tro & tanke. Supplement*, 1997

Bromander, J. (2005).

*Medlem i Svenska Kyrkan* (”Member of the Church of Sweden”). Stockholm, Verbum förlag.

Bruhn, A. (1999).

*Individualiseringen och det fackliga kollektivet: en studie av industritjänstemäns förhållningsätt till facket* (”Individualization and the Union Collective. A Study of Privately Employed Industrial White-Collar Workers and Their Relations to the Union”). Örebro, Örebro University.

This dissertation builds on a research project focusing on privately employed industrial white-collar workers in Gothenburg, Sweden. The project was initiated following signs of changes in the way employees perceive and act in relation to their union. The aim of this thesis is to study the causes behind individual patterns of action in relation to union membership and activities. The ambition is to increase our knowledge of the conditions of unions in contemporary working life, as well as of organisations of interest more generally. The problem is tackled in two steps: First, the individual motives behind different patterns of action are described and analysed. Second, contextual causes – both in the workplace and in society at large – behind changes in motives evidenced today, are analysed. The point of departure is theories about value change and individualization. The concept of value is here used to analyse how the individualization process changes the conditions for organized collective behaviour.

Busch-Zetterberg, K. (1996).

*Det civila samhället i socialstaten. Inkomst källor, privata transfereringar, omsorgsvård.* (”The Civil society in the Swedish welfare state”). Stockholm, City University Press.

Bäck, M. and T. Möller (2001).

*Partier och organisationer* (”Parties and organizations”). Stockholm, Norstedts juridik.

Bäckström, A. (1996).

*Diakoni mellan kyrka och samhälle: program för diakoniforskning* (”Diaconia between church and society: A program for diaconia research”). Uppsala, Uppsala University

Bäckström, A. (2001).

*Diakoner med annan arbetsgivare än Svenska kyrkan* (”Deacons with other employers than the Church of Sweden”). Uppsala, Diakonivetenskapliga institutet, Uppsala University.

Bäckström, A. et al. (2001).

*Svenska kyrkan som välfärdsaktör i en global kultur: en studie av religion och omsorg* (”The Church of Sweden as a welfare actor in a global culture: A study of religion and pastoral care”). Stockholm, Verbum.

Bärnheim, M. (1998).

Lantbrukskooperativ finansiering: sambandet mellan ägarengagemang och finansiering ("Financing farming co-operatives. The link between owner involvement and financing"). *Kooperativ årsbok* 18: 155-180.

Böök, S. Å. (1991).

Humanistisk ekonomi i demokratisk samverkan ("Humanistic economy in democratic co-operation"). *Kooperativ Årsbok 1991*. K-A Nilsson, B. Wijkström, Y. Stryjan and B. Olsson. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa studier 10: 11-42.

Böök, S. Å. and Föreningen Kooperativa studier, (Eds). (1990).

*Co-operative development and change. Proceedings from a conference*. Stockholm, Society for Co-operative Studies Föreningen Kooperativa studier.

Böök, S. Å., M. Prickett, et al. (1992).

*Co-operative values in a changing world. Report to the ICA Congress, Tokyo, October 1992*. Geneva, International Co-operative Alliance.

Carlberg, A. and Socialstyrelsen (2001).

*Socialt företagande: om den sociala ekonomins dynamik, exemplet Basta arbetskooperativ* ("Social enterprise. About the dynamics of social economy, the example of the Basta co-operative"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

Carlqvist, K. (1993).

*Åt envar efter arbete: om fackets förlorade rötter* ("To each according to his labour. About the lost roots of the labour movement"). Stockholm, Timbro.

Carlsson, A. (1992).

*Cooperatives and the State: Partners in Development? A human resource perspective*. Stockholm, Institute of International Education, Stockholm University.

This study focuses on the role of co-operative organisations for human development in the Third World. The origin and development of co-operative methods and objectives are reviewed and a theoretical model is presented, comprising the concepts of the co-operative structure and the co-operative process, which together influence the character and viability of real-life co-operatives, altogether referred to as the co-operative project.

Chartrand, S. (2004).

*Work in voluntary welfare organizations: A sociological study of voluntary welfare organizations in Sweden*. Stockholm, Department of Sociology, Stockholm University.

Since Sweden is one of the most comprehensive of welfare states, the role of voluntary organizations active in the field of welfare is often neglected. The unique Swedish non-profit sector is characterized by 1) the tradition of popular mass movements in which members are central and the real owners of the organization, 2) large volunteering memberships, but low employment levels, 3) dominance in the fields of culture and recreation, but of relative marginalization in welfare. This Ph.D. dissertation empirically studies work and the perception of work in voluntary welfare organizations (VWOs) in Sweden. The study includes a series of

38 interviews of employees and volunteers in four VWOs: 1) a children's rights organization; 2) a women's centre; 3) a volunteer bureau; and 4) a humanitarian organization. A quantitative survey of some 200 VWOs supplements the qualitative data. Looking at the internal work setting and interactions between workers one realizes that work in VWOs is influenced not only by the popular mass movements (*folkrörelser*), which are the foundation model of all Swedish voluntary organizations, but also by paradigms emerging out of the public and for-profit sectors: 1) the public paradigm permanently shapes voluntary welfare organizations through the action of paid workers who often have public sector work experience; and 2) work in voluntary organizations is partly integrated into the regular labour market, and interfaces emerge between volunteering and professional life (for-profit paradigm). The private sphere also interferes with volunteering. Finally, this sheds a new light on the claims of VWOs that they are autonomous, free entities, and their contribution to social integration and strengthening of social ties.

Dahlberg, L. (2004).

*Welfare relationships: Voluntary organisations and local authorities supporting relatives of older people in Sweden*. Stockholm, Department of Political Science, Stockholm University.

Sweden is often described as a country with a strong welfare state and little voluntary work. This is as would be expected according to substitution theory, in which extensive welfare systems are assumed to crowd out voluntary activity and thereby limit the potential for voluntary work; imputing an inverse relationship between voluntary and statutory activity. A second perspective is welfare pluralism, which is purposive duplication activity by different actors resulting in increased choice for service users. A third perspective is offered, complementarily theory. In this theory, different actors are assumed to have different characteristics, strengths and weaknesses, which make them suitable for performing different tasks. Dahlberg analyses these three theories through the case of voluntary organisations and local authorities that support relatives of older people in Sweden. This book is Dahlberg's Ph.D. dissertation.

Dahlberg, L. and Socialstyrelsen (2002).

*Frivilligorganisationerna och anhängstötet* ("Voluntary organisations and support for relatives of care takers"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

This report aims to investigate the work of voluntary organisations in supporting relatives of elderly care takers. The study was conducted between 1999 and 2002.

Dahlkvist, M. (1995).

"Det civila samhället" i samhällsteori och samhällsdebatt: en kritisk analys ("Civil society' in societal theory and debate: A critical analysis"). *Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor*. L. Trägårdh. (Ed.) Stockholm, SNS Förlag.

This article is published as the fifth chapter in *Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor*, edited by Lars Trägårdh. Dahlkvist provides a critical analysis of the use of terminology in civic society research, arguing that the notion of a "civic" society is commonly misused. The article is based on the proposal that political language is of considerable significance for understanding political theory, which leads the author to criticize the use of the term "civic society" (*civilt samhälle*) in contemporary Swedish social science and public debate.

Dunér, B. (1999).

*The art of NGO-ing*. Stockholm, Swedish Institute of International Affairs (Utrikespolitiska institutet).

Emami, A. (2003).

*Att organisera oenighet: en sociologisk studie av Iranska riksförbundet och dess medlemsorganisationer* ("Organizing disagreement: A sociological study of the Iranian National Association and its member organisations"). Stockholm, Almqvist & Wiksell International.

The objectives of this study are to explore the ethnics and organizational aspects in the formation and development of Iranian voluntary organizations in Sweden. Based on a case study of 61 Iranian associations this dissertation focuses partly on the motives and needs that brought Iranians together, partly on difficulties the associations experience in adjusting to the dominant model of voluntary organizations in Sweden.

Engel, C. (2002).

*För en ny tid? Förskjutning eller förnyelse - en inventering av diakonins dilemma* ("Towards a new era? Displacement or renewal – a survey of the problems of the diaconia"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

This twentieth contribution to the Sköndal research series looks at the Swedish diaconia movement. Engel summarises seven studies performed in inner city congregations in Stockholm and Gothenburg. Each of the seven cases studies the diaconia's conditions in the individual congregations. The purpose of the book is to examine recent developments in diaconal services. Engel concludes that the Church of Sweden is in the process of reconsidering its social services in what is considered a time of renewal of the traditional values of the diaconal.

Engel, C. (2002).

*Se det som är: diakonal inventering i brytningstid* ("See what is: A survey of diaconia in a new era"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Engel, C. (2003).

*Fri eller förankrad? En empirisk studie av volontärverksamhet och ideella insatser inom Stiftelsen Stora Sköndal* ("Free floating or anchored? An empirical study of volunteering and non-profit efforts in the Stora Sköndal Foundation"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College

Engel, C. (2003).

*Volontärer - för vem och för vad? Kritisk granskning av en verksamhet inom Stiftelsen Stora Sköndal* ("Volunteers – for whom and for what? A critical study of the Stora Sköndal Foundation"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Eriksson, C. B. (1995).

*Föreställningar och värderingar inom den svenska konsumentkooperationen* ("Beliefs and values in the Swedish consumer co-operative movement"). Uppsala, Department of Business Studies, Uppsala University.

Beliefs and values pertinent to the nature and aims of individual organizations, viz. perceptions of identity, are obviously crucial in the context of the work of change in organizations. This study therefore seeks to examine an organization – the Swedish Consumers'

Co-operative – that is actively engaged in ”the work of change” and focuses particularly on the important actors’ views of the nature and aims of their organization.

Essén, C. (2003).

*Samtal i självhjälpsgrupp: få kraft och stöd av andra i samma situation* (”Conversations in self-help groups: Finding strength and support among others in the same situation”). Stockholm, Wahlström & Widstrand.

Feuk, M. (2003).

*Engagemang i tiden: identitetskapande i politiska, religiösa och humanitära organisationer: en antologi från Sambälls- och kulturanalys år 2003* (”Commitment of the times – Identity-creating political, religious and humanitarian organisations. An anthology of social and cultural analysis in the year 2003”). Norrköping, Linköping University.

Finansdepartementet (1999).

*Folkrörelsernas roll i konsumentpolitiken: överläggningar med folkrörelse- och konsumentorganisationer* (”The role in consumer policy of the popular social movements: Consultations with mass movements and consumer organisations”). Stockholm, Ministry of Finance.

Folkhälsoinstitutet (1994).

*Frivilliga organisationer och det skadeförebyggande arbetet: inventering av organisationerna och deras resurser, förutsättningar och villkor* (”Voluntary organisations and the prevention of injury: A survey of the organisations and their resources, circumstances and conditions”). Stockholm, Swedish National Institute for Public Health.

Fregidou-Malama, M. (1996).

*Lantbrukskooperationen och staten: samspelet rörande föreningslagen* (”Farmer co-operatives and the State: co-operation on associational law”). *Världen och omvärlden*. H. Andersson, B. Wikström, P. Alex, I. Schörling and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 16: 107-127.

Fridolfsson, C. and G. Gidlund (2002).

*De lokala partierna och den nya politiska kartan* (”Local parties and the new political map”). Örebro, Novemus, Örebro University.

Förhammar, S. (2000).

*Med känsla eller förnuft? Svensk debatt om filantropi 1870-1914* (”With sense or sensability? The Swedish debate on philanthropy 1870-1914”). Dissertation. Stockholm, Almqvist & Wiksell International.

Gidlund, M. (1999).

*Tre föreningar - tre verkligheter: En av sex delar i utvärderingen av Starta Vågen - idrottens etiksatsning* (”Three associations - three realities: One of six parts in the evaluation of *Starta Vågen*, the national sports ethics project”). Farsta, The Swedish Sports Confederation.

Gidlund, G. and T. Möller (1999).

*Demokratins trotjänare: lokalt partiarbete förr och nu* ("Servants of democracy: Local party work in the past and in the present"). Stockholm, Fakta info direkt.

Grundvall, S. (2005).

*Vagabond MC: gemenskap, manlighet och marginalitet: en studie av en västsvensk bikerklubb* ("Vagabond MC – Community, Masculinity and Marginality. A study of a West Swedish biker club"). Göteborg, Department of Social Work, Gothenburg University

The global objective of this ethnographic study is to examine the social patterns and significant structures of a local (West Swedish) biker club. A newly formed club, Vagabond MC, constitutes the primary research object and is at the same time my entrance into the biker culture, generally speaking. A qualitative method is used, consisting of two years' participatory observations in said biker club and 21 interviews with bikers and other people with great cultural insight.

Gustavsson, A. (1992).

*Nyktetsrörelsens människor i Valla: föreställningsvärld inom en folkrörelse på lokal nivå* ("The people of the sobriety movement in Valla: Concepts of a social movement on the local level"). Uppsala, Uppsala University, Department of Ethnology.

Hagström, S. and E. Amnå (1997).

Folkrörelsernas nya IT-mission ("The popular movements' new IT mission"). *Hjärtats språk*. Per-Arne Axelsson, Ed. Örebro, Libris: 111-119.

Hammare, U., T. Lundström and Socialstyrelsen (2001).

*Socialt inriktade barn- och ungdomsorganisationer: vilka är de, vad gör de och vad vet forskarna?* ("Social children and youth organisations: What are they, what do they do, and what do the researchers know?"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

This report is an overview of mainly Swedish and Nordic research on voluntary social work with children and youth. This field has been shown to have great gaps in knowledge. The need for further research in terms of, among other things, empirical studies is therefore great. The report contains, on top of the presentation of current research, short descriptions of some central organisations in the field. There is also an attempt to categorize the organisations based on some central questions formulated in the report. A preliminary version of the report was ventilated at a seminar with attending representatives from child and youth organisations, which provided a number of valuable insights.

Hammare, U., S. Stenbacka, et al. (2003).

*Socialt inriktade organisationer som arbetar mot missbruk: vilka är de, vad gör de och vad vet forskarna?* ("Social organisations working against substance abuse – Who are they, what do they do, and what do the researchers know?"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

Voluntary organisations have a long tradition of fighting substance abuse, through preventive measures as well as support and care. This report is an overview of Swedish and Nordic research about the focus and activity of these organisations. It also contains descriptions of six organisations derived from their own documentation. Excerpts from relevant research are presented in the appendix.



Hansson, J.-H. and F. Wijkström (2001).

*Civilt samhälle, social ekonomi eller nonprofit? Fallet Basta arbetskooperativ: slutrapport från ett forskningsprojekt* ("Civil society, social economy or non-profit? The case of Basta co-operative. A final research report"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

This book, which is the nineteenth publication in the Sköndal research series, is the final report of an extensive research project on the Basta co-operative for drug rehabilitation. Basta is a non-public social service group with specialised organisation and work methods, and the aim of this book is to place the Basta co-op in a wider, societal context. The authors analyse the position of Basta according to such different terminology as civic society, social economy, volunteering, and non-profit sector.

Hansson, P. (1993).

*Jämställdhet i Svenska kyrkan? Tre empiriska studier* ("Equality in the Church of Sweden? Three empirical studies"). Uppsala, The research council of the Church of Sweden.

Hansson, P. (2001).

*Svenska kyrkans organisationskultur* ("The organisational culture of the Church of Sweden"). Stockholm, Verbum.

Hedfeldt, M. (2002).

*Socialt kapital och sponsring av idrottsföreningar: en studie av Edsbyn, Mora och Leksand* ("Social capital and the sponsorship of sports organisations: A study of Edsbyn, Mora and Leksand"). Uppsala, Uppsala University

Hellmersson Bergmark, K. (1995).

*Anonyma alkoholister i Sverige.* ("Alcoholics Anonymous in Sweden"). Dissertation. Stockholm Studies in Sociology, N.S. no 1. Stockholm, Stockholm University.

Hemström, C. (1995).

*Corporations and partnerships in Sweden.* Stockholm, Fritzes.

Hemström, C. (1996).

*Organisationernas rättsliga ställning: Om ekonomiska och ideella föreningar* ("The legal position of organisations: About economic and non-profit organisations"). Stockholm, Norstedts juridik.

Hemström, C. (1996).

*Stiftelsernas rättsliga ställning enligt 1994 års stiftelselag* ("The legal position of philanthropical foundations according to the 1994 Law on Foundations"). Stockholm, Norstedts juridik.

Hermansson, A. (1996).

*Stordriftsfördelar i svensk lantbrukskooperativ slaktindustri: en empirisk studie.* ("Economies of scale in the Swedish co-operative slaughter industry: An empirical study"). Uppsala, Swedish University of Agricultural Science.

Hermansson, J. (1999).

*Av korporativisering och lobbyism: konturerna till en ny politisk modell.* ("Decorporatization and lobbyism – The contours of a new political model. A book from the PISA project"). Stockholm, Fakta info direkt.

This book presents some results from a research project in political science that is unusual both in terms of empirical material and theory. It is one of thirteen books resulting from the large democracy project that the Swedish government initiated in 1997. The project had two general objectives, to survey recent years' research in the field and to stimulate the public debate on democracy. These are the reasons why numerous scientists specializing in democracy issues have travelled the country, leading seminars on democracy as well as for the publication of this book. In other words, this book is part of a wider effort to vitalize Swedish democracy, specifically dealing with the dismantling of the corporatist system and the changing situation of civic society, seen from a democracy perspective.

Hjort, M. and Säkerhetstjänstkommissionen (2002).

*Den farliga freds rörelsen: säkerhetstjänsternas övervakning av fredsorganisationer, värnpliketsvägrare och FNL-grupper 1945-1990: forskarrapport till Säkerhetstjänstkommissionen* ("The dangerous peace movement. Security services' surveillance of peace organisations, draft dodgers and FNL groups 1945-1990. A research report to the Security Services Commission"). Stockholm, Fritzes offentliga publikationer.

Holmberg, P. (1992).

*Kooperationens bidrag till den Svenska modellens upplösning* ("The co-operative movement's contribution to the demise of the Swedish model"). *Kooperationens gränser - Kooperativ årsbok 1992*. O. Jobring, B. Wikström and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 12: 1-15.

Humlesjö, I. (1998).

*Manlighetskonstruktion i arbetarhistoria och fackföreningar* ("The construction of manliness in labour history and labour unions"). *Manligt och omanligt i ett historiskt perspektiv* Forskningsrådsnämnden Rapport 99:4. Stockholm, Forskningsrådsnämnden .

Hwang, S.-J. (1995). *Folkrörelse eller affärsföretag: den svenska konsumentkooperationen 1945-1990* ("Popular movement or business enterprise? The Swedish Consumers' Cooperative 1945-1990"). Stockholm, Stockholm University.

The point of departure for this thesis is the fact that the Swedish Consumers' Cooperative – the central organisation *Kooperativa Förbundet* (KF) and its local consumer associations – is both a popular movement and a business enterprise. The purpose of the thesis is simply to analyze the tensions to which this double nature has given rise in the internal and external activities of the movement in the post-war period 1945-1990. Internal tensions are considered to arise when the demands for democracy are weighed against the demands of economic efficiency, whereas external tensions arise when in the political decision making process in Sweden, the movement must strike a balance between representing consumer interests on the one hand and guarding its own interests as a producer on the other. The thesis also aims to show how the development of the consumers' cooperative has been marked by these internal and external tensions.

Hvenmark, J. and F. Wijkström (2004).

*The Popular Movement Marinade: The dominant civil society framework in Sweden.* Stockholm, Stockholm School of Economics - SSE/EFI Working Paper Series in Business Administration.

The main aim of this paper is to line out, describe and analyse one of the most central elements in a wider and dominant civil society framework in Sweden, membership. In this paper we will argue that a certain group of non-profit organizations in Sweden, the popular movement organizations (*folkrörelserna*), have so many organizational attributes in common that they constitute an institutionalized organizational field in the way for example DiMaggio and Powell use the term. The main empirical material used in the paper is in-depth interviews with top-level national leaders in a number of large Swedish federations often understood to be popular movement organizations. In the analysis of the interviews the focus is on the use of two central aspects that often are seen as central for the understanding of the popular movement concept – membership and democracy. These features are repeatedly used and given meaning both by top-level leaders of Swedish voluntary or non-profit organizations and others. A second purpose of the paper is to point at and discuss the relation between this wider civil society framework and the non-profit or voluntary organizations found in a particular country.

Höckertin, C. (2001).

*Ekonomiska föreningar och nykooperation i ett regionalt perspektiv* ("Economic associations and the new co-operative movement in a regional perspective"). Östersund, National Institute for Working Life.

Ideella beredningen, Landstingsförbundet, et al. (1994).

*Vägar för lokalt samarbete: en kartläggning av ideell verksamhet i tre kommuner och ett landsting* ("Paths for local co-operation: A mapping of non-profit business in three municipalities and a region"). Stockholm, Ideella beredningen, Ministry of Civil Affairs and The Swedish Association of Local Authorities and Regions

Ilmonen, K. (1991).

Kooperationens moraliska dilemma ("The moral dilemma of the co-operative movement"). *Kooperativ identitet - Kooperativ årsbok 1991*. B. Olsson, B. Wikström, Y. Stryjan and K.-A. Nilsson. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 11: 77-90.

Jacobson, B., A. Prah, et al. (1994).

*Slaget om Sverige: samförstånd eller konfrontation?* ("The Battle for Sweden: Understanding or confrontation?"). Stockholm, Sellin & partner in cooperation with The Swedish Confederation for Professional Employees.

Jegermalm, M. (2002).

*Anhörigstöd: en uppföljningsstudie av kommuners och frivilliga organisationers stöd till äldres anhöriga* ("Support for relatives of elderly care takers: A follow-up study of the support offered by local authorities and voluntary organisations"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

In this second report from the study of support for relatives of elderly care takers in the Stockholm area, Jegermalm reconnects to his and Whitakers 2000 study on this theme.

The issues are unchanged. Focus is still on how the support is conducted, but more attention is given to the possible co-operation between local authorities and voluntary organisations in this report, where a purpose in bringing up this question is to face a growing need of finding adequate means of dealing with an aging population.

Jegermalm, M. and K. Sundh (2005).

*Social mobilisering i frivillig regi: en studie av Svenska röda korsets arbete med lokala utsatthets- och kapacitetsstudier* ("Social mobilisation under voluntary management: A study of the work of the Red Cross with local studies in vulnerability and capacity"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Jegermalm, M. and A. Whitaker (2000).

*Upptäckten av anöriga? kommuners och frivilliga organisationers stöd till äldres anöriga i Stockholms län* ("The discovery of family? Municipal and voluntary organisation support for relatives of elderly care takers in the Greater Stockholm region"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

This report summarizes the findings of a research project on the support offered by municipalities and voluntary organisations to the relatives of elderly care takers in Stockholm. The empirical material is largely from questionnaires directed to the municipalities as well as the voluntary organisations, but Jegermalm and Whitaker have also consulted municipal action plans for the specific policy field. The issue of support to relatives of elderly care takers is a relatively new field of empirical study and the recent attention to the matter by local authorities is part of the motivation for the study. A principal question, therefore, was what forms of support were there before the newfound interest in the issue. Jegermalm and Whitaker look into whom the support is aimed at and how decisions are made as to who is in need of support. Special attention is directed to the existing and possible future relations between municipalities and voluntary organisations in providing these services.

Jensen, C. and M. Löfström (2003).

*Ideella organisationer i välfärdsystemet - exemplet ICK* ("Non-profit organisations in the welfare system - The example of ICK"). Göteborg, University of Gothenburg, Department of Business Administration.

Jeppsson-Grassman, E. (1994).

*Third age volunteering in Sweden*. Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

This report addresses the issue of Third Age volunteering in social care in the Swedish society. Results from a population study are presented as well as a number of case-studies of organizations in which Third Age volunteers are involved. The issue of volunteering is presented within the broader framework of the welfare state, the Swedish voluntary sector, policy changes concerning voluntary work and current shifts in attitude as presented in the public discourse. This publication is the second in the Sköndal research series.

Jeppsson-Grassman, E. and L. Svedberg (1995).

*Frivilligt socialt arbete i Sverige - både mer och mindre* ("Voluntary social work in Sweden - Both more and less"). *Medmänsklighet att hyra? Åtta forskare om ideell verksamhet*. E. Amnå, Ed. Örebro, Libris.

Jeppsson Grassman, E. and L. Svedberg (1996).  
*Voluntary Action in a Scandinavian Welfare Context: the Case of Sweden*. Offprint/ Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Jeppsson-Grassman, E. and L. Svedberg (1999).  
Medborgarskapets gestaltningar: insatser i och utanför föreningslivet ("Illustrations of citizenship: Efforts within and outside organisational life"). E. Amnå, Ed., *Civilsambället SOU 1999:84*. Stockholm, Fritzes.

Jobring, O. and E. Ternegren (1994).  
Nya Kooperativa aktörer i gamla offentliga strukturer ("New co-operative actors in old public structures"). *Kooperativa vägval*. K. Blomqvist, B. Wikström, Y. Stryjan and J. E. Pettersson. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 14: 105-115.

Johansson, G. (1997).  
*Möta hiv, möta sig själv: en studie av arbetet vid Stiftelsen Noaks Ark-Röda korset* ("To meet HIV, to meet one self: A study of the work at the Red Cross Noah's Ark Foundation"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Johansson, G. (1998).  
*Det lilla extra* ("That little bit more"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Johansson, G. (1998).  
*Saligare att ge: om givandets problem - ett missionsexempel* ("More blessed is it to give: On the problems of giving – an example from a mission"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Johansson, G. and Sköndalsinstitutet (1997).  
*För mycke jag, för lite Jesus: LP-stiftelsens vård av missbrukare sedd ur ett socialantropologiskt perspektiv* ("Too much me, too little Jesus. The Levi Petrus Foundation's care of substance abusers seen from a social anthropological perspective"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Johansson, K. and Tjänstemännens centralorganisation (2001).  
*Idéer för ett hållbart arbetsliv: fack och kooperativ i samarbete* ("Ideas for a sustainable working life: Labour union and consumer co-operative in co-operation"). Stockholm, The Swedish Confederation for Professional Employees

Johansson, S. and Socialstyrelsen (2003).  
*Stöd eller styrning? En utvärdering av statsbidragsmodellen till ideella organisationer inom det sociala området* ("Support or control? An evaluation of the model for state funding of non-profit organisations in the social sector"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

Each year, the National Board of Health and Welfare distributes funding to a number of voluntary organisations in the social service sector. The funding is distributed according to criteria established by the Swedish government, based on the 1998 report *Vad får vi för pengarna* (What do we get for our money?). Staffan Johansson has evaluated the model for distribution of funding by asking two principal questions: "Does public funding influence the content of

the voluntary organisations' work?" and "Does public funding in fact threaten the independence of voluntary organisations?"

Johansson, S. and Socialstyrelsen (2005).

*Kommunalt stöd till sociala ideella organisationer: omfattning, utveckling och former* ("Municipal support of non-profit social organisations: Extent, development and forms"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

Johansson S. (2005).

*Ideella mål med offentliga medel.* ("Non-profit goals through public funding"). Stockholm, Sober Förlag.

Johansson, T. (1991).

*Kooperationen och kunskapssamhället* ("The co-operative movement and the information society"). *Kooperativ identitet - kooperativ årsbok 1991* 11: 43-61.

Johansson, Y. (2002).

*Frivilliga organisationers insatser för äldre: en studie av sociala insatser och intresseorganisering i Leksands kommun* ("Voluntary organisations' efforts for the elderly. A study of social work and interest group organisation in Leksand municipality"). Falun, The research council of Dalarna.

This study covers the work of voluntary organisations with the elderly in the municipality of Leksand in the region of Dalarna. Focus is on the work performed but also on the organisations' efforts to exert influence, raise relevant issues, and safeguard interests. The study is based on in-depth interviews with representatives from six different voluntary organisations and shows that these organisations produce a significant body of work, even if it is difficult to fully appreciate the extent of this work effort since much of voluntary work is never accounted for, either by the volunteers or the beneficiaries.

Jonsson, C. (1995).

*Ledning i folkrörelseorganisationer: den interaktiva ledningslogiken* ("Management of popular movements. The interactive management logic"). Lund, Lund University Press.

What principles of management are developed in popular movements? Such organisations are characterized by a democratic structure, an ideological base and a voluntary membership. In addition, popular movement organisations exist in a tight institutional and political context. How do these institutional preconditions affect their management principles? The study shows that popular movements develop an interactive management logic, exhibited in a dialog on ideological issues. The study also shows that the institutional perspective is meaningful for understanding management in popular movement organisations. This publication is the author's doctoral dissertation.

Jonsson, G., R. Stina, et al. (2003).

*Att undvika oligarki i teori och praktik* ("Avoiding oligarchy in theory and practice"). *Kooperation, ideellt arbete och lokal ekonomisk utveckling - Kooperativ Årsbok 2002*. A.-M. Sätre Åhlander. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 21: 43-72.

Jönköpings läns Folkrörelsearkiv (2001).

*Med gemensamma krafter: en inventering av ekonomiska föreningar i Jönköpings län 1860-2000: en rapport från Jönköpings läns Folkrörelsearkiv* ("Through joined forces. A study of economic associations in the region of Jönköping 1860-2000. A report from the Social Movements Archives in Jönköping"). Jönköping, Jönköping archive for popular mass movements .

Jönsson, P.-O. (1993).

Federationer i förändring ("Federative associations in transformation"). *Kooperativ omprövning - Kooperativ årsbok 1993*. J. E. Pettersson, P. Normark, Y. Stryjan and B. Wikström. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 13: 15-34.

Karlsson, M. (1997).

*Självhjälpsgrupper i Sverige: en introduktion* ("Self-help groups in Sweden: An introduction"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College

Karlsson, M. (2000).

*Delade erfarenheter: om självhjälpsgrupper i Sverige* ("Shared experiences: About self-help groups in Sweden"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College

Kuchen, T. (1995).

Ny Kooperation och den offentliga sektorn ("New co-operation and the public sector"). *Kooperativ och välfärd*. P. Alex, P. Normark, I. Schörling, B. Wikström and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 15: 53-68.

Kulturdepartementet (1999).

*Social ekonomi: en tredje sektor för välfärd, demokrati och tillväxt? rapport från en arbetsgrupp* ("Social economy – A third sector for welfare, democracy and economic development? Report from a work group"). Stockholm, Fakta info direkt: Ministry of Culture.

This is the final report from the Ministry of Culture's working group on social economy, whose purpose was to map the conditions for social economy in Sweden as well as to evaluate its relevance for contemporary society. The authors provide a rich account of social economy in Sweden from a state perspective, where emphasis is placed on the importance of the social economy in Swedish society as well as questions of how best to govern this social economy.

Laing, D. v. W. and V. A. Pestoff (1994).

*The role of non-profit organizations in managing HIV/AIDS in Sweden*. Stockholm, Department of Business Administration, Stockholm University

In 1982, the disease that was later to be labelled AIDS was diagnosed for the first time in a Swedish hospital. Although the number of patients was rather low in the first years, the reports from the USA were carefully monitored by the health authorities, by specialist groups within the medical profession and the voluntary organisation whose members were most closely affected to begin with - the Swedish Federation for Gay and Lesbian Rights (RFSL). This article examines the role of the non-profit organisations in the fight against the HIV virus and the care giving for those already infected with the disease. The paper relates the voluntary organisations to the public sector's welfare services and concludes that the non-profit organisations are complements, supplements and alternatives but that they in no way compete with the public sector.

Larsson, G. (1998).

”Komplicerat syskonskap: LO och SAP på 1970- och 1980-talen (”Complicated sibling relations: LO and SAP in the 1970 and 1980’s”).” *Arbetshistoria* 1-2 p. 15-19.

Lejring, L. and Folkuniversitetet (1993).

*Blommor, bullar och glada juckar: om folkbildning och kooperativa lösningar för människor med handikapp* (”Flowers, buns and happy dogs: About popular education and co-operative solutions for people with disabilities”). Göteborg, Folkuniversitetet.

Lewin, L. (1992).

*Sambället och de organiserade intressena* (”Society and organised interests”). Stockholm, Norstedts juridikförlag.

Lindahl, A. (1996).

”Kan lantbrukskooperativa företag arbeta effektivt? En studie av möjligheterna till flerdelade prissättningsystem i lagstiftningen (”Economic efficiency in agricultural co-operatives: Some legal aspects of pricing mechanisms”).” Uppsala, Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences (SLU), Department of Economics.

Lindahl, B. (1995).

*Intresseorganisationer, agrarpartier och jordbrukspolitik: en nordisk jämförelse* (”Interest organisations, agrarian parties and agricultural politics: A Nordic comparison”). Uppsala, Swedish University of Agricultural Science.

Lindbergh, E. (2000).

*Socialdemokratin, kooperationen och väckelsen* (”Social democracy, the consumer co-operation and the revivalists”). *Årsboken folkets historia 2000*. G. Bäärnhielm. Stockholm, Riksföreningen för folkets historia.

A book about the interaction between the three predominant popular social movements in the modern history of Sweden

Lindbergh, E. (2005).

”Vad kan medborgarna göra? Fyra fallstudier av samarbetsformer för frivilliga insatser i äldreomsorg och väghållning (”What can citizens do? Four case studies of co-operative forms of voluntary efforts in elder care and road maintenance”).” *Stockholm studies in sociology*, N.S, 24. Stockholm. Department of sociology, Stockholm University

The aim of the study is twofold. First, to provide a picture of what happens when groups of citizens co-operate with municipalities and administrations to produce services essential to the community, i.e., elderly care or road maintenance. Second, to compare this picture with the picture of citizens’ involvement that the civil society theories describe. This is done by comparing four different co-operation projects. The empirical material has been gathered through four qualitative case studies – two elderly care cases and two road maintenance cases – and the analytical frame has been drawn mostly from organization theory, especially the resource dependence and the institutional perspectives. In the dissertation, it is shown that in the projects with fewer complications the processes developed in a way that balanced, to some extent, the asymmetry in the dependence relation, i.e., the resources controlled by



the groups became more interesting for the administrations and municipalities. As the group of citizens really involved was small, the consequences, greater solidarity and responsibility, and a decentralized democratic process, only comprised a few, mostly resourceful, citizens. Finally, the study shows that the groups' contributions to the democratic process were limited by their involvement in actually solving the problem in question, i.e., to build and run an elderly home or to work with the improvement of the roads. The findings suggest that the picture of citizens' involvement often put forward in the political debate in Sweden, as both a complement to the service provided by the public sector and a way to improve the democratic process ought to be the subject of further research

Lindgren, L. (1999).

Det idealiserade föreningslivet ("The idealisation of organisational life"). *Civilsambället SOU 1999:84*. E. Amnå, Ed. Stockholm, Fakta info direkt.

Lindgren, M. (1998).

Anställd i en folkrörelse: en studie av hur anställda i IOGT-NTO-rörelsen upplever sin situation ("Employed in a social movement. A study of how employees of IOGT-NTO experience their situation"). *C-uppsatser från Pedagogiska institutionen / Uppsala universitet, 1998:40*. Uppsala, Department of Pedagogics, Uppsala University

Lindquist, B. (1995).

*Idrottsföreningar och allianser: en associationsrättslig probleminventering* ("Sports organisations and alliances. An association law problem evaluation"). Stockholm, Juristförlag.

Lindqvist, L. (1997).

Medarbetarägd förnyelse av offentlig sektor ("Worker owned renewal of the public sector"). *Förändring och förnyelse - Kooperativ årsbok 1997*. P. Alex, S. Bartilsson, A. Jönsson, B. Wikström and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 16: 19-43.

Lindqvist, L. (1998).

Om att skapa legitimitet i en ny social ekonomi: exemplet medarbetarägd vård och omsorg ("About creating legitimacy in a new social economy. The example of producer owned health and social care"). J. Olsson, Ed. *Social ekonomi*. Stockholm, Brevskolan and the Swedish Institute for Social Economy, 46-55.

Lindström, U. and H. Westlund (2001).

Den etablerade kooperationen i Sverige ("The established co-operative movement in Sweden"). *Social ekonomi i Sverige*. H. Westlund Ed. Stockholm, Fritzes, 63-84..

Ljung, J. (1993).

*Idébaserad verksamhet: en studie av frikyrkan som organisation* ("Idea based work. A study of the Free Church as an organisation"). Linköping, Linköping University.

Lorendahl, B. (1994).

*Nykooperation och regionutveckling* ("The new co-operative movement and regional development"). Östersund, Mid Sweden University.

Lorendahl, B. (1995).

Nya Kooperativ och lokal utveckling ("New co-operatives and local development"). *Kooperation och välfärd - Kooperativ årsbok 1995*. P. Alex, P. Normark, I. Schörling, B. Wikström and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 14: 69-78.

Lundholm, E. (2002).

*Den sociala ekonomin i glesa miljöer: en teoretisk diskussion* ("Social economics in underpopulated environments: A theoretical discussion"). CERUM working paper, 41: 30. Umeå, Umeå University.

Lundquist, L. (1997).

*Fattigvårdsfolket: ett nätverk i den sociala frågan 1900-1920* ("The poor relief people: a network in social policy 1900-1920"). Lund, Lund University Press.

Lundström, T. (1995).

*Frivilligt socialt arbete under omprövning* ("Reconsidering voluntary social work"). Offprint/Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Lundström, T. (1995).

*Staten och det frivilliga sociala arbetet i Sverige* ("The State and Voluntary Social Work in Sweden"). Offprint/Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Lundström, T. (1996).

*The State and Voluntary Social Work in Sweden*. Offprint/Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Lundström, T. (1997).

*Barnvårdsorganisationer vid två sekelskiften: frivilligt barnvårdsarbete förr och nu* ("Childcare organisations at the turn of two centuries: Voluntary childcare then and now"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Lundström, T. (2004).

*Teorier om frivilligt socialt arbete: en diskussion om forskningens läge och organisationernas framtid* ("Theories of voluntary social work – A discussion of the research situation and the future of the organisations"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Voluntary social work has only in the last ten years become established as a new research field in Sweden, while other countries have a much longer tradition of research on such voluntary organisations' outer conditions and inner life. This publication focuses on the development of this new field of research in Sweden. The purpose is to present the most significant issues and theoretical perspectives. The author also brings up some challenges for research on voluntary social work and voluntary organisations, given contemporary societal conditions.

Lundström, T. and L. Svedberg, Eds.(1998).

*Temanummer om social frivillighet i Socialvetenskaplig tidskrift , årgång 5, nr 2-3*. ("Theme issue on social volunteering in the Swedish Social science periodical")

This publication is a special issue of *socialvetenskaplig tidskrift*, a Swedish periodical for research in social work and social science. This issue was edited by guest editors Lundström and Svedberg, who gathered articles from some of Scandinavia's foremost experts on social volunteering. Contributors are: Eva Jeppsson Grassman, Lars-Erik Olsson, Bo Rothstein, Anna Meeuwisse, Sune Sunesson, Jan-Åke Hansson, Filip Wijkström, Jan Magnusson, Håkon Lorentzen and the two editors themselves.

Lundström T. and L. Svedberg (2003).

The Voluntary sector in a social democratic welfare state - The case of Sweden. *Journal of Social Policy* (2): 217-238.

The purpose of this paper is to capture a few vital features of the Swedish voluntary sector and to place them in an institutional perspective. The size and composition of the Swedish voluntary sector is discussed against the background of dominating theories in voluntary sector research. Special attention is given to the role of the sector in the field of social welfare. The authors present results from comparative research projects on the voluntary sector carried out in the latter part of the 1990's. It is shown that the size of the Swedish sector is as large as in other industrialised countries, although the composition and the form of the sector differ when compared to many other countries. In weighing the importance of the sector, the authors point out that voluntary organisations make a crucial contribution in certain areas, combining work for interest and values with contributions for members and others. The characteristics of voluntary organisations and new trends in the field of social welfare are presented with the help of three ideal types. Finally, the authors discuss some conceivable scenarios for the future of the Swedish voluntary sector.

Lundström, T. and L. Svedberg (1999).

*Svensk frivillighet i internationell belysning - en inledning* ("Swedish voluntarism in an international perspective: An introduction"). Offprint/Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Lundström, T. and F. Wijkström (1994).

*The Swedish nonprofit sector*. Stockholm, EFI, Stockholm School of Economics.

Lundström, T., F. Wijkström, et al. (1995).

*Från röst till service? den svenska ideella sektorn i förändring* ("From voice to service? The Swedish non-profit sector in a time of change"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

This publication, which is number four in the Sköndal research series, provides an extensive survey of Swedish civic society in a time of significant change and renewal of the sector. The purpose of the book is to give a fair estimate of the voluntary sector's size, structure and composition. The authors also discuss reasons why the Swedish voluntary sector is constituted differently from that of other comparable countries. Lundström and Wijkström also examine tendencies in recent developments within the sector and provide an analytic representation of Swedish voluntary organisation, past, present and future.

Lundström, T. and F. Wijkström (1997).

*The nonprofit sector in Sweden*. Manchester, Manchester University Press.

In international research, Sweden has often been described as a country with an extremely small nonprofit or voluntary sector. In this book such a viewpoint is subject to in-depth questioning. Based on a comprehensive set of first hand empirical data, Tommy Lundström and Filip Wijkström provide the first systematic, consolidated account of the sector's development and current position in Sweden. The authors begin by defining the Swedish nonprofit sector and then outline its history and legal framework. The overall composition and structure of the sector, its resource bases as well as the relations between the nonprofit sector and the state are presented and analysed. The book concludes with a discussion of policy issues, including the crucial question of the future role of nonprofit organisations in society.

Lundåsen, S. (2001).

Fler föreningar = fler röstare? ("More organisations = more voters?"). *Kooperation, socialt kapital och medborgerliga insatser - Kooperativ årsbok 2001*. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 20: 201-219.

Lundåsen, S. (2001).

*Ideella föreningar i Sveriges kommuner* ("Non-profit organisations in Swedish municipalities"). Åbo, Åbo Akademi.

Lundåsen, S. (2004).

*En föreningsbaserad demokrati? Ideella föreningar och valdeltagande i Sveriges kommuner under 1990-talet* ("An organisation based democracy? Non-profit organisations and voter participation in Swedish municipalities in the 1990's"). Åbo, Åbo akademis förlag.

The theories of social capital claim that voter participation benefits from a high level of participation in voluntary organisations. Susanne Lundåsen tests whether this is the case in Sweden in this Ph.D. dissertation. That organisational life is of great importance for the vitality of Swedish democracy is a deeply rooted understanding in Swedish debate and in research. How general and how real is this assumed connection? This study compares density of voluntary organisations and voter participation in local elections. The result shows that the supposed positive impact of social capital cannot be found in actual levels of voter participation.

Lundåsen, S. (2005).

*Frivilliga insatser och hälsa*. ("Voluntary activities and health"). Stockholm, Swedish National Institute of Public Health.

Lyttkens, C. H. (1993).

"Avreglering av svensk sjukvård: seglats på öppna men stormiga hav? ("Deregulation of Swedish health care: Sailing open but stormy seas?")." *Studier i hälsoekonomi*, 4: S. 87-110.

Magnusson, J. and A. Meeuwisse (2000).

Gatutidningen Situation Sthlm: ny organisation i en förändrad välfärdsstat ("The street paper *Situation Stockholm*: New organisation in a changed welfare state"). *Hemlöshet. Om nya perspektiv och förklaringsmodeller*. W. Runquist and H. Swärd, Eds. Stockholm, Carlssons förlag.

Mannheimer, D., H. Wallén, et al. (2002).

*Att mötas i facket: en systemteoretisk analys av möten i två av TCO:s medlemsförbund* ("Meeting in the union: A system theoretical analysis of meetings in two sections of the Confederation of Professional Employees (TCO)"). Stockholm, Department of Psychology, Stockholm University.

Markkola, P. (1999).

*Diakonissan mellan det privata och det offentliga: kvinnlig diakoni i Sverige och Finland 1880-1940* ("The lay welfare worker in-between the private and the public: Female lay welfare workers in Sweden and Finland 1880-1940"). M. Janfeldt. Ed. *Den privat-offentliga gränsen. Det sociala arbetets strategier och aktörer i Norden 1860-1940*. Copenhagen, Nordic Council of Ministers.

Meeuwisse, A. (1997). *Vänskap och organisering: en studie av Fountain House-rörelsen* ("Friendship and organisation: A study of the Fountain House movement"). Lund, Arkiv.

Anna Meeuwisse, Ph.D. in Social Work, has in her dissertation studied the club house movement, a movement originating in the Fountain House organisation in New York. The basic tenet of the organisation is that building self-confidence rests on friendship, work and empowerment. The Fountain House movement has spurred the creation of new, similar organisations in many other countries, among them Sweden. This book provides a historical, socio-political and ideological context for the movement. It also contains a case study on how a Swedish club is organised. The book depicts a dynamic organisation of the powerless, who nevertheless refuse to be marginalised in society.

Meeuwisse, A. and S. Sunesson (1998).

*Frilliga organisationer, socialt arbete och expertis*. ("Voluntary organizations, social work and expertise"). *Socialvetenskaplig tidskrift*, 2-3, 172-193.

Meeuwisse, A. (1999).

*Debatten om välfärdsstaten och det civila sambället* ("The debate on the welfare state and civil society"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

This publication analyses the introduction of the 'civic society' concept in the Swedish mass media as well as in Swedish social science. The reader is shown how the use of the concept ties into changes in how the welfare state is regarded. The author also relates the Swedish context to the international situation, focusing especially on the debate in America. Meeuwisse shows how this reinvented word has been brought up as a slogan with both positive and negative connotations and this study is an attempt to position this phenomenon in a social policy context.

Meeuwisse, A. (2001).

*Ett högriskprojekt om missbrukarrehabilitering på Basta arbetskooperativ* ("A risky project – About rehabilitation of substance abusers at the Basta worker co-operative"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

This publication is number eighteen in the Sköndal research series. The object of study in this book is the Basta worker co-operative for drug rehabilitation. The book is a largely sociological study of how the co-operative organisational form can be used for self-help and readjustment to society of people suffering from drug related problems. The purpose of the book is to identify the risks and possibilities of a co-operative model for rehabilitation, meaning that it also is of relevance for other branches of the "new" co-operative movement.

Micheletti, M. (1988).

De svenska intresseorganisationerna - i går, i dag, imorgon ("Swedish interest groups - yesterday, today, tomorrow"). *Statsvetenskaplig tidskrift*, volume 64: 41-54.

Micheletti, M. (1990).

*The Swedish farmers' movement and government agricultural policy*. New York, Praeger.

Micheletti, M. (1994).

*Det civila samhället och staten: medborgarsammanslutningarnas roll i svensk politik* ("Civil society and the state: The role of civic organisations in Swedish politics"). Stockholm, Fritzes.

Sweden is currently reconsidering its national objectives, as are many other countries. The social democratic hegemony has been undermined and emerging political powers are shedding new light on past political developments. Swedish history is being re-written. *Det civila samhället och staten* examines this process by analysing the significance of civic society from the mid-1800's to the 1990's. The purpose of this study is to bring clarity to the issue of the role of interest groups, popular movements and action groups. The old, traditional, popular social movements are compared to modern movements. The consequences of a corporative system, the growth of the welfare state and the dismantling of the corporative system is particularly closely studied, along with internationalisation and the emergence of a voluntary sector.

Micheletti, M. (1995).

*Civil society and state relations in Sweden*. Aldershot, Avebury.

Micheletti, M. (1997).

En demokratisk revision av organisations-Sverige ("A democratic audit of organisational Sweden"). *Förnyelse och förändring - Kooperativ årsbok 1997*. P. Alex and B. Wikström. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 16: 55-67.

Moback, O. and Kooperativa institutet (1993).

*Konsum och konkurrenterna 1900-1990* ("The consumer co-operative and the competition 1900-1990"). Stockholm, Kooperativa institutet.

Möller, T. (1996).

*Brukare och klienter i välfärdsstaten* ("Users and clients in the welfare state"). Stockholm, Norstedts juridik.

Nelander, S. and Landsorganisationen i Sverige (2004).

*The trade union as a people's movement*. Stockholm, Swedish Trade Union Confederation

Nieminen Kristofersson, T. (2002).

*Krisgrupper och spontant stöd: om insatser efter branden i Göteborg 1998* ("Crisis groups and spontaneous support. On efforts following the great fire in Gothenburg 1998"). Dissertation. Lund, Department of Social Work, Lund University.

Nilsson, J. (1994).

Den kooperativa likabehandlingsprincipen i omvandling ("The changing co-operative principle of equal treatment"). *Kooperativa vägval - Kooperativ årsbok 1994*. K. Blomqvist, J. E. Pettersson, Y. Stryjan and B. Wikström. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 13: 39-60.

Nilsson, J. and T. Björklund (2003).

*Kan kooperationen klara konkurrensen? Om marknadsorientering i livsmedelssektorn* ("Can co-operatives cope with the competition? On market orientation in the agrifood sector"). Uppsala, Swedish University of Agricultural Science

Nordfeldt, M. (1994).

*Frivilliga organisationers insatser för hemlösa* ("Voluntary organisations' efforts for homeless people"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

This report is a survey of Swedish voluntary organisations working with homeless people. Thousands of people in Sweden lack permanent housing and only recently has homelessness been mapped on a national level. This report focuses specifically on the role of voluntary organisations. The purpose is to find what characterises the voluntary organisations' efforts for the homeless and their relation to the public sector. This publication is the third in the Sköndal research series.

Nordfeldt, M. (1999).

*Hemlöshet i välfärdsstaden: en studie av relationerna mellan socialtjänst och frivilliga organisationer i Stockholm och Göteborg* ("Homelessness in the welfare state: A study of relations between the social services and voluntary organisations in Stockholm and Gothenburg"). Dissertation. Uppsala, Department of Social and Economic Geography, Uppsala University.

Nordfeldt, M. (2000).

De frivilliga organisationernas roll för de hemlösa ("The voluntary organisations' role for the homeless"). *Hemlöshet. Om olika perspektiv och förklaringsmodeller*. R. Weddig and H. Swärd, Eds. Stockholm, Carlssons förlag.

Nordfeldt, M. and A. Lundstedt (2001).

Den ideella sektorn och sysselsättningen i ett regionalt perspektiv ("The non-profit sector and employment in a regional perspective"). *Social ekonomi i Sverige*. H. Westlund, Ed. Stockholm, Fritzes.

Nordfeldt, M. and J. Söderholm (2001).

*Kartläggning och analys av det nya systemet för statsbidrag till handikapporganisationer* ("A mapping and analysis of the new system for state funding of handicap organisations"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

Nordfeldt, M., J. Söderholm and Socialstyrelsen (2002).

*Frivilligorganisationer som uppdragstagare: vad betyder det för brukarna? en inledande studie* ("Voluntary organisations as contractors: What does it mean to the users? A first study"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

This report covers a very specific part of the Swedish municipalities' contracting of social services from voluntary organisations. How does it affect the users in terms of security, freedom of choice and quality? Who is to be considered the user? The answers to these fundamental issues are rather a matter of speculation than actual fact. This report deals with the "soft" values, such as whether users are treated in a hospitable atmosphere, and not values that can be measured in numerical data.

Norlin, L. and L.-E. Olsson (2000).

*Partner sökes: samverkan mellan kommuner och frivilliga organisationer* ("Partner wanted: Cooperation between municipalities and voluntary organisations"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College

Normark, P. (1990).

*Strategiska förändringar i kooperationer: fallet Lantmännen* ("Strategic changes in co-operative organisations: the case of *Lantmännen*"). Stockholm, EFI, Stockholm School of Economics.

Normark, P. (1994).

*Medlemsägda företag: organisering av strategiska förändringar* ("Member owned businesses: The organisation of strategic change"). Stockholm, Stockholm School of Economics

Olsson, C. Å. (2003).

*Tidningsmakt och politiska organisationer: den borgerliga samlingsrörelsen i Fyrstadskretsen 1962-1968* ("The power of the press and political organisations: The bourgeois assembly movement in Fyrstadskretsen 1962-1968"). Dissertation. Lund, Department of History, Lund University.

Olsson, J. (1998).

Den sociala ekonomins utveckling och framtida strategi ("The social economy's development and strategy for the future"). J. Olsson Ed. *Social ekonomi*. Stockholm, The correspondance school in cooperation with the Swedish Institute for Social Economy, 12-17.

Olsson, J., E. Mattsson, et al., Eds. (1998).

*Social ekonomi: om kraften hos alla människor* ("Social economics: About the power in us all"). Stockholm, The correspondance school in cooperation with the Swedish Institute for Social Economy.

Olsson, L.-E. (1998).

*Entreprenörer och agitatorer i frivilliga organisationers tjänst: en frivillig organisations tillkomst och mognad* ("Entrepreneurs and agitators in the service of voluntary organisations: The emergence and maturing of a voluntary organisation"). Stockholm, Department of Sociology, Stockholm University.

Olsson, L.-E. (1999).

*Från idé till handling: en sociologisk studie av frivilliga organisationers uppkomst och fallstudier av Noaks Ark, 5i12-rörelsen, Farsor och morsor på stan* ("From idea to action: A sociological study of the emergence of voluntary organisations and case studies of Noah's Ark, the 5 to 12 Movement, Mums and Dads on Night Patrol"). Stockholm, Almqvist & Wiksell International.



The origin of voluntary organisations has not been studied much in sociology. This study develops a three-phase model of a voluntary organisation's origin and three case studies are conducted to try out the model. The aim of the study is to describe and analyse the birth of a voluntary organisation and its development. The empirical material has been obtained from three voluntary organisations from the mid-1980's. The organisations are: *Noaks ark* (working with HIV), *5i12 rörelsen* (working with refugees) and *Farsor och morsor på stan* (working with teenagers in Stockholm city). All three organisations still exist. The empirical material was collected through interviews and other written material. The book is the author's Ph.D. dissertation.

Olsson, L.-E. (2000).

*På olika villkor: samverkan mellan kommun och frivillig organisation* ("On unequal terms: Cooperation between municipalities and voluntary organisations"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Cooperation between local authorities and voluntary organisations have since the late 1990's become a field of study that attracts a lot of attention and a lot of projects in the area are under way. Voluntary social work is no longer regarded with scepticism by politicians and civil servants, but more often as an interesting complement or alternative to public sector services. The voluntary organisations in this area of expertise are therefore increasingly often invited to participate in services within the municipalities. This report points out that the relations between local authorities and voluntary organisations tend to be more complicated than initially envisioned. The report especially tries to show which specific areas are problematic in this co-operation.

Oskarsson, S. (2003).

*The Fate of Organized Labor: Explaining Unionization, Wage Inequality, and Strikes across Time and Space*. Dissertation. Uppsala, Department of Government, Uppsala University

Pallin, C. (1994).

*Den ideella föreningen och andra samverkansformer* ("The non-profit association and other forms of co-operation"). Farsta, The Swedish Sports Confederation.

Palmås, K. (2003).

*Den barmhärtiga entreprenören: från privatisering till socialt företagande* ("The merciful entrepreneur: From privatizations to corporate social responsibility"). Stockholm, Agora.

Papakostas, A. (2003).

*Mer organisation med färre människor och många organisationer med få frågor: en essä om politiska partier och frivilliga organisationer* ("More organisations with fewer people and many organisations with few issues: An essay about political parties and voluntary organisations"). Stockholm, SCORE, Stockholm University.

Patriksson, G., S. Wagnsson, et al. (2004).

*Föräldraengagemang i barns idrottsföreningar* ("Parental participation in children's sports associations"). Stockholm, The Swedish Sports Confederation.

Pawlig, M. (2001).

*Körverksamhet i en mångkulturell miljö: en studie bland körerna i Stockholmsförorterna* Tensta och Rinkeby ("Choirs in a multi-cultural environment: A study of choirs in the Stockholm suburbs of Tensta and Rinkeby"). Stockholm, Department of Musical Science, Stockholm University

Pestoff, V. (1991).

Social service i Kooperativ regi ("Social service in co-operative form"). *Kooperativ identitet - Kooperativ årsbok 1991*. B. Wikström, B. Olsson, K.-A. Nilsson and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 10: 93-108.

Pestoff, V. A. (1991).

*Between markets and politics: Co-operatives in Sweden*. Frankfurt am Main, Campus Vlg.

Can co-operatives successfully combine the features of voluntary associations and commercial enterprises on a large scale in a market economy? Are they a successful hybrid between markets and politics in the welfare state? This study of Swedish consumer, building and tenant, and agricultural co-operatives offers an answer from three of the world's most successful co-operative movements. It combines both theoretical and empirical analysis, political science and sociology. All major walks of Swedish co-operatives are represented.

Pestoff, V. A. (1991).

"The demise of the Swedish model and the resurgence of organized business as a major political actor." *Studies in action and enterprise*, 1991:2: 44.

Pestoff, V. A. (1994).

*Employer organizations: Their changing structures and strategies in nine OECD countries*. Research reports, School of Business, 1994:2. Stockholm, Stockholm University.

Pestoff, V. A. (1994).

Några fördelar med kooperativa daghem ("Some advantages of co-operative childcare"). *Kooperation & välfärd. Kooperativ årsbok* 14: 81-94.

Pestoff, V. A. (1995).

*Citizens as co-producers of social services in Europe. From the welfare state to the welfare mix*. Stockholm, School of Business, Stockholm University.

Pestoff, V. A. (1998).

*Beyond the market and state: Social enterprises and civil democracy in a welfare society*. Aldershot, Ashgate.

This book explores the concept of civil democracy in Sweden and how it ties into social enterprises and the "new" co-operatives in the social service sector. Pestoff provides a theoretical account of the link between social enterprises and civil democracy as well as an analysis of an extensive empirical study of social enterprises in the field of childcare services. The purpose of the book is to provide a richer understanding of the potential for civil democracy among social enterprises. Pestoff also ponders the importance of such civil democracy in contemporary Sweden, suggesting that a stronger civil democracy through social enterprises might not only improve work environment and gender equality but also work to empower citizens in general in a time of faltering interest in traditional democratic institutions.

Pestoff, V. A. (1998).

Sociala bokslut i kooperativ och ideella organisationer ("Social audit in co-operative and non-profit organisations"). *Synliga och osynliga vinster - sociala bokslut och kooperativ effektivitet. Kooperativ årsbok*. P. Alex and B. Wikström. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa studier 17: 1-24.

Pestoff, V. A. (2000).

"Enriching Swedish women's work environment: The case of social enterprises in day care." *Economic and Industrial Democracy* Vol. 21(No. 1): 39-70.

Pestoff, V. (2003).

*Making Citizenship meaningful in the 21st Century: the Politics of Participation in a Universal Welfare State*. Östersund, Mid-Sweden University.

This book begins by introducing in the first chapter certain aspects of the topic of Making Citizenship Meaningful. The importance of co-operatives for their members and membership for co-operatives is then examined in the second chapter. The development and future of the Swedish social economy is introduced in the third chapter. A theoretical discussion of the concept of 'profit' and the importance of balancing it against the social goals of social enterprises is introduced in chapter four. The role of third sector organizations in improving the service quality of public financed personal social services is explored in chapter five. The relationship between the social economy and civil society are examined in chapter six. Alternative medical health care in Japan is the topic of chapter seven. Institutional change and the role of Swedish business associations in bringing them about are discussed in chapter eight. Globalisation and Swedish business associations in the 21st century are explored in chapter nine. Finally all the threads of the story of Making Citizenship Meaningful are brought together in the final chapter on the politics of participation in a welfare state.

Pestoff, V. A., A. Szalkowski, et al. (1992).

*Towards a new Swedish model: From neo-corporatist to neo-liberal priorities for the welfare state*. Cracow, Cracow Academy of Economics.

Pestoff, V. A., I. Vidal, et al., Eds. (1994).

*Delivering welfare: Repositioning non-profit and co-operative action in Western European welfare states*. Barcelona, Centre d'Initiatives de l'Economia Social (CIES).

Petersson, B. (1991).

En föräldrakooperativ vision ("A parent co-operative vision"). *Kooperativ identitet - Kooperativ årsbok 1991*. B. Olsson, K.-A. Nilsson, B. Wikström and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier 10: 163-176.

Petersson, J. E. (1991).

Nykooperationens skäl och själ ("The motivation and soul of the new co-operative movement"). *Kooperativ identitet - Kooperativ årsbok 1991*. K.-A. Nilsson, B. Wikström, B. Olsson and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 10: 151-161.

Pettersson, L.-O. (2001).

*Från rivstart till stopplag: privatiseringsvågen i välfärden 1979-2001* ("From speedy start to stop laws: The privatization wave of 1979-2001"). Stockholm, Agora.

Pilemalm, S. (2002).

*Information technology for non-profit organisations: extended participatory design of an information system for trade union shop stewards*. Linköping, Linköping University.

Rolandsson, B. (2003).

*Facket, informationsteknologin och politiken. Strategier och perspektiv inom LO 1976-1996* ("The Union, Information Technology and Policy Questions. Collective Interpretations within the Swedish Trade Union Confederation 1976-1996"). Gothenburg, Gothenburg University.

This thesis analyses how the Swedish Trade Union Confederation (LO) dealt with its concerns regarding IT-development in the period 1976 to 1996, how it framed the socio-political importance of IT and how it sought to reformulate internal and external relationships in order to sustain its identity as a progressive and responsible political force. We can follow how political concepts of technology, established in the age of industrialisation by the union, the state and the employers' organisation, were challenged as a result of IT development, institutional change, international competition and the growing importance of knowledge and education for productivity and personal development.

Rothstein, B. (1992).

*Den korporativa staten: intresseorganisationer och statsförvaltning i svensk politik* ("The Corporative state: Interest organisations and state governance in Swedish politics"). Stockholm, Norstedts juridik.

Sweden is internationally recognised as a thoroughly organised country. Especially recognised are the interest organisations and their close relation to the state. This book aims to answer why the interest organisations in Sweden are so politically strong and so close to the state. Why are they given such extensive authority? Why are some organisations better represented in state functions than others? Have parts of the state sector been taken over by organised interests? Rothstein provides a new interpretation of Swedish political history in order to answer these questions. Special attention is directed at the Swedish state's relation to early political ambitions. Rothstein compares the development in nine different political sectors in order to study methods of co-operation that are established between the state and the interest organisations.

Rothstein, B. (1995).

*Svensk välfärdspolitik och det civila samhället* ("Swedish welfare politics and civil society"). *Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor*. Ed., L. Trägårdh. Stockholm, SNS förlag.

This article is the fourth chapter in *Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor*, edited by Lars Trägårdh. Rothstein presents a condensed and revised version of some of the chapters from his book *Vad bör staten göra?* Rothstein's primary object of study is the Swedish welfare state, its history and ideological origins. The role of civic society in Sweden is presented in relation to the wider question of the role of the welfare state, or in Rothstein's own words, what the state should (and should not) do.

Rothstein, B. (2000).

*Socialt kapital i den socialdemokratiska staten: den svenska modellen och det civila samhället* ("Social capital in the social democratic state: The Swedish model and civil society"). Arkiv för studier i arbetarrörelsens historia (79).

Rothstein, B. (2003).

*Sociala fällor och tillitens problem* ("Social traps and the problem of trust"). Stockholm, SNS.

A mainly historical account of the development of the "Swedish model" and the corporatist state.

Rothstein, B., J. Bergström, et al., Eds. (1999).

*Korporatismens fall och den svenska modellens kris* ("The fall of corporatism and the crisis of the Swedish model"). Stockholm, SNS.

Rydén, R. (1999).

Lantbrukskooperationens genombrott och den svenska modellen ("The breakthrough of farming co-operatives and the Swedish model"). *Mellan stat och marknad - ett sekel av Kooperation. Kooperativ Årsbok 1999*. P. Alex, J. Ottosson and B. Wikström. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa studier. 18: 130-140.

Rydén, R. (2004).

Förhållandet till Kooperationen - en nyckelfaktor för gamla och nya intresseorganisationer ("Relations to the co-operative movement - A key factor for old and new interest organisations"). *Jordbrukarnas kooperativa föreningar och intresseorganisationer i ett historiskt perspektiv*. 2004, 309-320.

Rydén, R. (2004).

*Jordbrukarnas kooperativa föreningar och intresseorganisationer i ett historiskt perspektiv* ("The farmers' co-operative associations and interest organisations in a historical perspective"). *Skogs- och lantbrukshistoriska meddelanden*, 32: 352.

Rönnbäck, J. (2001).

Rätt är makt: rösträtten som mål och medel för Landsföreningen för kvinnans politiska rösträtt ("Rights are power: The right to vote as a means and goal for the National Association for Women's Right to Vote"). *Kvinnor på gränsen till medborgarskap : genus, politik och offentlighet 1800-1950*. 149-171.

Rönmark, L. (2003).

*Att finna sin väg: socialt arbete i mötet mellan frivilliga och offentliga organisationer* ("Finding one's own way: Social work in the meeting between volunteers and public organisations"). Gothenburg, the Regional Council of Gothenburg Local Authorities.

Samuelsson, C.-O., M. Torstensson, et al., Eds. (1994).

*När boken kom till bygden: om folkrörelsebiblioteken i Halland* ("When books came to town: About the social movements library in Halland"). Örkelljunga, Settern.

Sawyer, L. (2003).

Translating Empowerment: The Swedish State and an Immigrant Women's NGO in Stockholm.  
L. Lucas. *Globalization and Culture*. Kampala, Freedom Press.

Simonsen, A. (2001).

*Bland bederligt folk: organiserat sällskapsliv och borgerlig formering i Göteborg 1755-1820* ("Among decent people: Organised social life and bourgeoisie formation in Gothenburg 1755-1820"). Göteborg. HARRYDA, Department of History, Gothenburg University.; HB Amund Grefwe distributör.

Sjöberg, G. (1999).

*Kooperativt äldreboende i Vojakkala: kartläggning av villkor och förutsättningar för att starta upp alternativt äldreboende i kooperativ form i Vojakkala* ("Cooperative elder care in Vojakkala: A mapping of conditions and circumstances for starting an alternative elder care service in co-operative form in Vojakkala"). Luleå, Centrum för utbildning och forskning inom samhällsvetenskap (CUFS), Luleå Technical University.

Sjöström, K. (2000).

*Vi på Söderkulla: en skrift om "social ekonomi" - eller hur en ny folkrörelseförening växer fram* ("Us on Söderkulla: A text on social economy – or how a new social movement develops"). Malmö, The Association of Societal Information.

Socialstyrelsen (2000).

*Kommuners och frivilliga organisationers stöd till anhöriga* ("Municipal and voluntary organisation support for relatives of care takers"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

Socialstyrelsen (2002).

*Sociala ideella organisationer - som kommunerna ser dem: om kommunernas relationer med sociala ideella organisationer* ("Social non-profit organisations - as seen by the municipalities: About municipal relations with social non-profit organisations"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

The 1990's are regarded by many as a change in tide or even a setback for the Swedish welfare state. Poor economic growth had led to cutbacks in the public sector, not least in the area of social policy. Simultaneously, voluntary social organisations began to emerge, both as critical commentators of the public sector's social services as well as providers of social services in their own right. This report asks the question of how the municipalities view the voluntary organisations and how their financial and organisational relationship has developed. The report shows that the municipalities' interest in and reliance on the voluntary organisations has increased. It also shows that the division of labour between the public and the third sector is gradually changing.

Socialstyrelsen (2003).

*"Statens" bästa vän? Den ideella sektorns roll i ett internationellt och svenskt perspektiv: Socialstyrelsens årliga konferens om den ideella sektorn år 2003* ("The State's best friend? The non-profit sector in an international and Swedish perspective. Socialstyrelsens annual conference on the non-profit sector 2003"), Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

Socialstyrelsen (2004).

*Att beskriva levnadsförhållanden: ett brukarperspektiv från handikapprörelsen* ("Describing living conditions: A user perspective on the handicap movement"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

The National Board of Health and Welfare is assigned by the Swedish government to oversee national policies for the disabled. Part of this assignment is to develop a routine for estimating the standard of living of handicapped people. The voluntary handicap organisations are an important stakeholder in this work. This publication is a report from the consulting effort the National Board of Health and Welfare directed to the voluntary organisations. Organisations were invited to "brainstorm" sessions that resulted in a number of suggestions for policy initiatives in the field of handicap issues.

Socialstyrelsen (2004).

*Möten: i den sociala frivilligsektorn* ("Meetings in the social voluntary sector"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

The interest in non-profit organisations has increased in recent years, both for the work performed by unpaid volunteers and the work produced by paid employees. A reason for the increasing interest is that an increasing number of voluntary organisations produce social services by contract to Swedish municipalities or simply on the basis of remuneration for special services. A main question in this study is how people and institutions come together in the voluntary experience. The study concludes that the voluntary organisations have a better chance than public social services of meeting people on their own level and on their own terms.

Socialstyrelsen (2004).

*Staten, ideella organisationer eller du själv - vem står för välfärden i framtiden? Socialstyrelsens årliga konferens om den ideella sektorn 2004* ("The State, non-profit organisations or you yourself – Who is to provide welfare in the future? Socialstyrelsens annual conference on the non-profit sector 2004"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

Sommestad, L. (1995).

*Civilsamhället - en utopi för medelklassens män? Några kommentarer* ("Civil society - a utopia for middle class men? Some comments"). *Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor*. Ed., L. Trägårdh. Stockholm, SNS Förlag.

This article is published as the sixth and last chapter in *Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor*, edited by Lars Trägårdh. The article is a theory analysis from a gender perspective, where the debate on civic society is viewed as a possible expression of gender roles. Sommestad critically analyses the other contributions in Trägårdh's book and finds that the predominantly male theorists in the subject area are perpetuators of a typically male point of view, lacking the female perspective.

Stark, a. and R. Hamrén (2000).

*Frivilligarbetets kön. En översikt*. ("The gender of voluntary work. A overview"). Stockholm, The Swedish Association of Local Authorities and Regions.

Statskontoret (1995).

*I samhällets intresse? en samhällsekonomisk studie av den ideella sektorn* ("In the interests of society? An economic study of the non-profit sector"). Stockholm, Swedish Agency for Public Management.

Statskontoret (1995).

*Vännens vän: det samhällsekonomiska värdet av en frivilligcentral* ("The Friend of a friend: The economic value of a centre for voluntarism"). Stockholm, Swedish Agency for Public Health.  
An evaluation of voluntary efforts as seen by both users and producers, using conjoint analysis.

Stenius, K. (1999).

*Privat och offentligt i svensk alkoholstuvård: arbetsfördelning, samverkan och styrning under 1900-talet* ("Private and public in Swedish care of alcoholics: The division of labour, co-operation and control during the 1900's"). Dissertation, Department of social work, Stockholm University. Lund, Arkiv.

Stenman, O. (1996).

Missgynnas den kooperativa företagsformen? ("Is the co-operative form of organisation unfavourably treated?"). *Världen och omvärlden - Kooperativ årsbok 1996*. H. Andersson, P. Alex, B. Wikström, Y. Stryjan and I. Schörling. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 15:128-139.

Stryjan, Y. (1991).

Kooperativ strategi och kooperativ struktur ("Cooperative strategy and co-operative structure"). *Kooperativ identitet - Kooperativ Årsbok 1991*. K.-A. Nilsson, B. Wikström, B. Olsson and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 10: 110-122.

Stryjan, Y. (1992).

Personalkooperativ eller brukarkooperativ - ett framtida vägskäl? ("Worker co-operative or user co-operative - a future divider?"). *Kooperationens gränser - Kooperativ årsbok 1992*. O. Jobring, B. Wikström and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 11: 41-60.

Stryjan, Y. (1993).

*The challenge of new co-operatives*. Stockholm, Department of Business Administration, Stockholm University.

Stryjan, Y. (1993).

*Cooperatives in a changing world: membership and adaption in Swedish farmer co-operation*. Uppsala, Swedish University of Agricultural Science.

Stryjan, Y. (1994).

Personalkooperativ på välfärdsmarknaden - personalansvar, arbetsorganisation och vårdkvalité ("Worker co-operatives on the welfare market - personnel responsibility, work organisation and quality of care"). *Kooperativa vägval - Kooperativ årsbok 1994*. J. E. Pettersson, K. Blomqvist, Y. Stryjan and B. Wikström. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 13: 87-104.



Stryjan, Y. (1995).

Personalkooperativa barnstugor - de första åren ("Worker co-operative childcare - the first years"). *Kooperation och välfärd - Kooperativ årsbok 1995*. P. Alex, B. Wikström, P. Normark, I. Schörling and Y. Stryjan. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 14: 111-132.

Stryjan, Y. (1997).

Personalkooperativ: bättre än sitt rykte ("Worker co-operatives: better than their reputation"). *Kooperativ Årsbok 1997*. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa studier. 16: 45-68.

Sundberg, J., D. Hansson, et al. (2001).

*Partier och intresseorganisationer i Norden* ("Parties and interest organisations in the Nordic countries"). Copenhagen, Nordic Council of Ministers.

Sundgren, G. (1997).

Studiecirkeln och det aktiva medborgarskapet ("The study group and active citizenship"). *Årsbok om folkbildning*. Stockholm, Föreningen för folkbildningsforskning, 14-35.

Sundström, G. (2002).

*Åldrandet, staten och civilsambället* ("Aging, the state and civil society"). Lund, Studentlitteratur.

Swedberg, B. and Ideella beredningen (1994).

*Den ideella sektorn: rapport* ("The Non-profit sector: a report"). Stockholm, Ideella beredningen.

Svedberg, L. Ed. and Socialtjänstkommittén (1993).

*Frivilligt socialt arbete: kartläggning och kunskapsöversikt*. ("Voluntary social work: A mapping and overview of current knowledge"). Stockholm, Fritzes.

This report from the Committee on Social Services published in the Swedish Official Government Report Series was ordered by the government in 1993. The purpose of the report was to study voluntary service efforts in the welfare state with special attention paid to voluntary service production in relation to the Social Services Act. This report was one of the first comprehensive efforts to study social service production in Sweden beyond the public sector.

Svedberg, L. (1996).

*Frivillighet som ideologiskt slagträ och faktisk verksamhet*. ("Volunteering as an ideological battering ram and actual activity"). Offprint/ Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

Svedberg, L. (1997).

"Introduktion till svensk frivillighet, ideologi och verksamhet ("An Introduction to Swedish voluntarism, ideology and activity")." *Tro och tanke* 1996:7(7).

Svedberg, L. (2001).

*Spelar ideella och informella insatser någon roll för svensk välfärd?* ("Do non-profit and informal contributions matter in Swedish welfare?"). Särtryck/Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College

Voluntary and informal contributions to the production of welfare services in Sweden are often considered mere footnotes in works on the Swedish welfare state. There is little

previous systematic knowledge in the subject area but the conditions for writing about these contributions and their importance are better now than it was just a decade ago. This publication deals with voluntary and informal work efforts in Sweden - how they have gained in contemporary relevance, how significant they are, what they consist of, how they have developed during the 1990's, and how we should value these efforts in an improved understanding of the Swedish welfare state. Additional attention is directed towards explaining and analysing the problematic terminology in the field of study.

Svedberg L. and E. Jeppsson Grassman (2001).

*Frivilliga insatser i svensk välfärd – med utblickar mot de nordiska grannländerna.* ("Voluntary efforts in Swedish welfare - with views of the Nordic neighbouring countries") B. Ibsen and L. Skov Henriksen, Eds.. *Antologi om frivilligt arbejde.* Odense: Odense universitetsforlag.

Szebehely, M. Ed. and Kommittén Valfärdsbokslut (2001).

*Välfärdstjänster i omvandling: antologi från Kommittén Valfärdsbokslut* ("Welfare services in transformation: An anthology from the Welfare Commission"). Swedish Official Government Report Series, 2001:52. Stockholm, Fritzes offentliga publikationer.

A governmental decree from February 4, 1999 authorized Minister of Social Affairs Lars Enquist to form a research committee to make a "welfare audit" of the 1990's. This book is the first in a series of ministerial publications that present the results of the committee's work. The purpose of the book is to provide a correct information basis for a balanced debate about the condition of the welfare state in Sweden.

Sätre Åhlander, A.-M. (1996).

*Glesbygden, tredje sektorn och den ekologiskt hållbara ekonomin* ("Rural areas, the third sector and the ecologically sustainable economy"). Östersund, National Institute for Working Life.

Sätre Åhlander, A.-M. (1998).

*Tredje sektorn och det hållbara samhället* ("The third sector and the sustainable society"). Östersund, National Institute for Working Life.

Sätre Åhlander, A.-M. (1999).

*Den sociala ekonomin och kvinnors möjligheter på arbetsmarknaden ur ett internationellt perspektiv* ("Social economy and women's opportunities in the labour market, from an international perspective"). Östersund, National Institute for Working Life.

Sätre Åhlander, A.-M. (2003).

*Social ekonomi och lokal ekonomisk utveckling i Jämtland och Tröndelag* ("Social economy and local economic development in Jämtland and Tröndelag"). Östersund, Mid Sweden University.

Sätre Åhlander, A.-M. (Ed) (2003).

*Kooperation, ideellt arbete & lokal ekonomisk utveckling - Kooperativ årsbok, 2002* ("Cooperatives, non-profit work and local economic development"). Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa studier.

Söderfeldt, M. (1991).

*Från mål till praktik i människobehandlande organisationer* ("From goals to practice in human service organisations"). Lund, Department of Social Work, Lund University.

Söderholm, J., F. Wijkström, et al. (2002).

*Offentlig sektor, näringsliv eller ideell regi: hur påverkar valet av institutionell form vården av missbrukare?* ("Public sector, market or non-profit administration: How does the choice of institutional form affect the care of substance abusers?"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare. This report discusses a "dynamic institutional mix" of actors from different areas or spheres, the public sector, the market sector, the family sector, and the third sector. In order to understand how this mix works, one has to combine studies of generic changes with empirical case studies. The authors of this paper do just that. How do the values and practice of the "alternative" providers influence the services? This pilot study aims to capture and analyse how the institutional form of services - in this case for persons with problems of substance abuse - affects the service and ultimately the values that transpire among users and staff.

Söderlind, S., S. Andersson, et al., Eds. (2002).

*Sociala nätverk, grupper och organisationer: praktiskt arbete och teoretisk reflexion* ("Social networks, groups and organisations: Practical work and theoretical reflections"). Stockholm, Natur och kultur.

Thörn, H. (1999).

*Nya sociala rörelser och politikens globalisering: demokrati utanför parlamentet?* ("New social movements and the globalisation of politics: Democracy outside parliament?"). E.Amnå, Ed. *Civilsambället SOU 1999:84*. Stockholm, Fritzes.

Thörn, H. (2000).

*Miljörelsen och den nya politikens former - mot en "glokal" politik?* ("The environmental movement and the forms of new politics - Towards a 'glocal' politics?"). A. Neergaard and Y. Stubbergaard, Eds. *Politiskt inflytande*. Lund, Studentlitteratur.

Treu, T., V. A. Pestoff, et al. (1992).

*Participation in public policy-making: The role of trade unions and employers' associations*. Berlin, de Gruyter.

Trydegård, G.-B. (2001).

*Välfärdstjänster till salu: privatisering och alternativa driftformer under 1990-talet* ("Welfare services for sale: Privatization and alternative forms of provision during the 1990's"). *Välfärdstjänster i omvandling SOU 2001:52*. M. Szebehely, Ed. Stockholm, Fritzes: 77-132.

Trygged, S. (2000).

*Från fristuga till friskola: ett föräldrakooperativ i förändring* ("From non-public childcare to non-public school: A parent co-operative in transformation"). Sköndal, Ersta Sköndal University College.

This report is a case study of a single worker co-operative pre-school and private school. The Pre-school was established in 1991 and the school was added in 1995. This study describes how the enterprise is developing; how day-to-day activities change and the problems that arise. The report shows that working in a parent-co-operative takes a lot of persistency and a

broad knowledge of several different fields on top of great pedagogical skills for the core service of actually caring for the children. The changes in this case also reflect changes in the Swedish society in the 1990's.

Trägårdh, L. Ed.(1995).

*Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor.* ("The civil society versus the public sector"). Stockholm, SNS förlag.

This publication is one of the central works in Swedish civil society research, which is not the least illustrated by the fact that most of the individual chapters of the book are entered into this database. Each chapter approach a different aspect of civil society, in most cases from very different viewpoints. Dahlkvist, for instance, provides a critical analysis of the concept civil society itself, while Zetterberg explains the role of civil society in the welfare state through a far reaching theoretical analysis. Rothstein addresses the question of what the welfare state should do with a civil society angle and Sommestad considers the issue of civil society and gender.

Trägårdh, L. (1995)

Svenskhet och civilitet: om dygd kärlek och oberoende i svensk politisk kultur ("Swedishness and civility: About virtue, love and independence in Swedish Political culture"). L.Trägårdh ed., *Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor.* Stockholm, SNS.

This article is the opening chapter in the Trägårdh edited book on civil society, *Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor.* Trägårdh introduces the reader to the specifically Swedish significance of civic society and civic society theory, using both adaptations of international terminology and uniquely Swedish concepts and contexts.

Trägårdh, L. (1999).

Det civila samhället som analytiskt begrepp och politisk slogan ("Civil society as analytical tool and political slogan"). *Civilsamhället.* E. Amnå, Ed. Stockholm, Fakta info direkt, 13-59.

Trägårdh, L. (2000).

Utopin om den sociala ekonomin ("The Utopia of a social economy"). *Om kooperation och social ekonomi - kooperativ årsbok 2000.* Stockholm, Föreningen kooperativa studier. 19: 1-22.

Uddhammar, E. (1999).

Om civilsamhällets roll för demokrati och välfärd ("About the role of civil society in democracy and welfare"). E. Amnå, Ed. *Civilsamhället.* Stockholm : Fakta info direkt, 81-119.

Uhrwing, M. (2001).

"Tillträde till maktens rum: om intresseorganisationer och miljöpolitiskt beslutsfattande ("Access to the halls of power: About interest organisations and environmental policy making")." Göteborg studies in politics, 70. Gothenburg, Gothenburg University.

What is needed for an interest organization to gain access to the political decision-making process? Do certain organizational characteristics give some organizations privileges in terms of access? These questions are at the centre of the dissertation, with the empirical focus on Swedish environmental politics. The purpose is to shed light on the problem of whether the presence of interest organizations in political life jeopardizes the idea of equal

opportunity for all citizens to influence public policy. By studying interest organizations' possibilities of gaining access to the political decision-making process and not the actual influence of the organizations, the perspective used here differs from the influence perspective used in most Swedish research on interest organizations. To gain a full picture of interest organizations in Swedish democracy, we do, however, need both the influence and the access perspectives. In international research on interest organizations in democratic political life, the access perspective is more frequent. Despite this fact, three different theoretical approaches, pluralism, corporatism and the Political Process Approach, provide us with different theoretical pictures of the possibilities of gaining access. The dissertation tests these different theoretical assumptions. Three Swedish political decision-making processes are investigated.

Utredningen om översyn av statsbidrag till invandrarnas riksorganisationer m.fl. (1998). *Organisationer, mångfald, integration: ett framtida system för statsbidrag till invandrarnas riksorganisationer m.fl.: slutbetänkande* ("Organisations, diversity, integration: A future system for government subsidies to immigrants' national organisations – a final statement"). Stockholm, Fritzes offentliga publikationer.

Wahlgren, I. (1996).

*Vem tröstar Ruth? En studie av alternativa driftsformer i hemtjänsten.* ("Who will comfort Ruth? A study of alternative forms of provision for elder care in the home"). Stockholm, Department of Business Administration, Stockholm University.

Ventura, F., E. Bergström, et al. (1992).

*Pensionärer om hemservice: några värderande röster ett år efter starten: delutvärdering av kooperativet Snopptorp i Eskilstuna: PM 2* ("Pensioners about social service in the home environment: Some evaluating voices a year after the initiation"). Eskilstuna, College of Health Care Sciences.

This publication is a report from a project on co-operative elder care in the homes of the care takers. It consists of two parts: a comparison between co-operative and municipal elder care based on user interviews and an evaluation of the elder co-operative Snopptorp, which is also based on telephone interviews. The results show that the two forms of elder care are comparable and of equal quality, even though the sense of continuity is less in the co-operative form, especially for patients with special needs.

Westerdahl, S. (2000).

Definitioner efterfrågas: att definiera den sociala ekonomin ("Definitions wanted: Defining social economy"). *Om Kooperation och social ekonomi - kooperativ årsbok 2000*. F. Wijkström and T. Johnstad. Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier. 19: 95-113.

Westerdahl, S., K. Friberg, et al., Eds. (2001).

*Kooperation, socialt kapital och medborgerliga insatser - Kooperativ årsbok, 2001* ("Cooperatives, social capital and civic participation"). Stockholm, Fören. Kooperativa studier: KF bibl. distributör.

Westerdahl, S. and H. Westlund (1997).

*Social ekonomi och nya jobb: fallstudier i tjugo europeiska regioner* ("Social economy and new jobs: Case studies from twenty European regions"). Östersund, National Institute for Working Life.

Westlund, H., Ed. (2001).

*Social ekonomi i Sverige* ("Social economy in Sweden"). Stockholm, Fritzes.

A new concept, social economy, has emerged in the Swedish debate. What does it mean? How extensive is social economy in Sweden? Are there regional differences in the extent of the social economy? Is the social economy helping employment and can it be a means of labour market policy. These and other questions are dealt with in this book, which is a first mapping of social economy in Sweden. A fundamental issue in the book is the distinction between social economy in the legal sense and mere social aspects of the economy. Social economy in the legal sense is restricted to certain organisational and business forms, while the other form of social economy is much more diverse.

Westlund, H. (2001).

*Social ekonomi och sysselsättning: sammanfattande reflektioner* ("Social economy and employment: Concluding reflections"). Östersund, The Swedish Institute for Growth Policy Studies.

Westlund, H., S. Westerdahl, et al. (1996).

*Den sociala ekonomins bidrag till lokal sysselsättning: forskningsrapport* ("The social economy's contribution to local employment: a research study"). Stockholm; Östersund, Kooperativa institutet; Institute for Social Economy.

This report from The Swedish Cooperative Institute studies the work performed by social economy support organisations, especially organisations promoting new co-operative businesses. Focus is on the extent to which these support organisations have helped to create new job opportunities in their regions. This report is one of twelve country reports in a wider European research project financed by the European Commission through the DG V. The Swedish case studied support organisations in large cities as well as in rural areas and in several different service sectors. The broad approach is described as an asset as well as a methodological hurdle for the report. One of the principal findings is that the social economy produces new job opportunities not only in the social service sector but also in fields such as industry and crafts.

Westlund, H. and S. Westerdahl (1998).

*Social ekonomi och sysselsättning: ett europeiskt framtidsperspektiv* ("Social economy and employment: A European perspective"). Östersund, National Institute for Working Life.

Whitaker, A. and Socialstyrelsen (1999).

*Frivilligmedverkan i vården* ("Voluntary participation in health and social care"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

Wijkström, F. (1996).

Den ideella sektorns roll i välfärdssamhället ("The role of the non-profit sector in the welfare state"). C. Arvidsson, Ed. *Demokratins utmaning. Politikens gränser och det civila samhällets möjligheter*. Stockholm, Ekerlids förlag, 37-55.

Wijkström, F. (1996).

*Den svenska ideella sektorn och pengarna!* ("The Swedish non-profit sector and money!"). Stockholm, EFI, Stockholm School of Economics.

Wijkström, F. (1998).

Social ekonomi: om mening och identitet bortom lönearbetet ("Social economy: About meaning and identity beyond paid labour"). K.Grut, Ed. *Social ekonomi - om kraften hos alla människor*. Östersund, Institute for Social Economy.

Wijkström, F. (1998)

*Different faces of civil society*. Stockholm, Economic Research Institute Stockholm School of Economics.

This is a dissertation in two parts. In addition to the four papers found in this volume, *Different Faces of Civil Society*, the major publication is a book entitled *The non-profit sector in Sweden*, a joint effort by Tommy Lundström and this author. Our points of departure in the book were that Sweden in much of previous international research was described as a country with a small nonprofit sector. Based on a comprehensive set of first-hand empirical data, the book provides the first systematic, consolidated account of the Swedish sector, where its development, legal situation and current position and results are questioned. The two initial texts found in this volume focus on conceptual tools. The first article, *The Swedish Nonprofit Sector in International Comparison* is based on a critique of the dominant US/economics perspective found in mainstream nonprofit literature. In the article it is argued that earlier attempts to understand the Swedish nonprofit sector have been biased by a cultural ethnocentrism. The purpose of the article is to broaden the understanding of this part of society by using a socio-economic approach. The second paper, *Hate groups and outlaw bikers: part of civil society?* addresses the issue of definitions. The aim of the paper is to test two existing definitions of organizations in civil society. This test is conducted on two extreme forms of organization, the white hate group and the outlaw motorcycle club. It is shown that – according to existing definitions – both of these organizations, in their ideal-typical form, can be regarded as civil society organizations. The final two essays are more explorative and the author has taken the freedom to experiment. In *Strategic dilemmas for Swedish popular movement organizations*, the object of study is the Swedish popular movements (*folkrörelserna*) and an experienced sense of crisis in some of the organizations within these movements (PMOs). It is argued that a number of major external shifts have had a profound impact on the traditional Swedish PMOs. Underlying reasons for the reactions of the PMOs are discussed and some interpretations of the effects are presented. In the final essay; *Outlaw biking in alternative frames of interpretation* – an even more limited and empirically derived phenomenon is taken as point of departure. The study focuses on outlaw biking and approaches this social phenomenon from three different angles with the help of metaphorical *images* derived from the outlaw literature. The purpose was not to develop a best possible frame for the study of outlaw biking, but rather to lay bare some already existing images of outlaw motorcycle clubs, found in the previous literature.

Wijkström, F. (1999).

*Svenskt organisationsliv: framväxten av en ideell sektor* ("Swedish organisational life: The emergence of a non-profit sector"). Stockholm, Stockholm School of Economics.

Wijkström, F. (1999).

Svarta änglar och vita dygder ("Black angels and white virtues"). P. Aspens and E. Uddhammar, Eds.. *Framtidens dygder - om etik i praktiken*. Stockholm, City University Press.

Wijkström, F. (2001).

Om svenska stiftelser ("About Swedish Foundations"). *Social ekonomi i Sverige*. H. Westlund, Ed. Stockholm, Fritzes, 257-277.

Wijkström, F., S. Einarsson (2004).

*Foundations in Sweden: their scope, roles and visions*. Stockholm, Economic Research Institute Stockholm School of Economics Ekonomiska forskningsinstitutet vid Handelshögskolan (EFI).

Wijkström, F., S. Einarsson, et al. (2004).

*Staten och det civila samhället: idétraditioner och tankemodeller i den statliga bidragsgivningen till ideella organisationer* ("The state and civil society: Traditions and patterns in the state funding of non-profit organisations"). Stockholm, the National Board on Health and Welfare.

This report deals with how the Swedish state regards private, value-based organisations. It analyses a public funding system and how it has developed over the years. The question asked is: What values and morals have guided public financing? Are there any patterns to how the funding has developed? This report takes a broad and creative stance on the work of developing welfare financing systems, considering views from both the public sector and the voluntary organisations. The purpose of this report is to provide perspectives and constructive information for a debate on the welfare state that considers both historical and theoretical traditions.

Wijkström, F. and T. Johnstad (Eds)(2000).

*Om Kooperation & social ekonomi* ("About co-operatives and social economy"). Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa studier.

Wijkström, F. and T. Lundström (2002).

*Den ideella sektorn: organisationerna i det civila samhället* ("The non-profit sector: The organisations of civil society"). Stockholm, Sober.

This book attempts an all-encompassing grasp of the Swedish voluntary sector, its history, structure, politics, importance and debate. Wijkström and Lundström provide a rare, scientific take on the Swedish voluntary sector as a whole, something previously unknown in Swedish social science. Concepts and contexts are problematised and analysed according to academic principles. The purpose of the book is to add to the modest body of theoretical research on the Swedish voluntary sector, a field of study where almost all material is empirical.

Wingborg, M. (1999).

*Invandrarföreningarna och integrationen: utvärdering av föreningarnas verksamhet i Stockholm: en rapport* ("Immigrant associations and integration: An evaluation of the associations' work in Stockholm"). Stockholm, The Stockholm town bureau of integration.

Vogel, J., et al. (2003).

*Associational life in Sweden: General welfare production, social capital, training in democracy*. Stockholm, Statistics Sweden.

This report from Statistics Sweden is a near complete descriptive survey of member participation in the Swedish non-profit sector. A wide variety of statistical data in practically all fields of non-profit organisation is presented, mainly in numbers but with some commentary.



Special attention is directed to the issue of changes in participation in voluntary activities between 1992 and 2000. More than 30 different forms of organisations are considered, based on the Bureau's living conditions surveys. The report was jointly financed by the Ministry of Justice, the Ministry of Industry, Employment and Communication, and the Statistics Sweden program for social welfare statistics.

Vogel, J. et al (2003).

*Föreningslivet i Sverige: välfärd, socialt kapital, demokratiskola* ("Associational life in Sweden: general welfare production, social capital, training in democracy"). Stockholm, Statistics Sweden.

Wolvén, L.-E. (2004).

Ledarskap inom tredje sektorn jämfört med stat och marknad ("Leadership in the third sector compared with the state and market"). *Företagande och gemenskap småföretags kultur, samverkan och konkurrens. Arbetsliv i omvandling 2004:7*. Katrineholm, National Institute for Working Life

von Bergmann Winberg, M.-L. (2001).

Den sociala ekonomin - kejsarens nya kläder eller en regional utvecklingsmotor ("Social economy - the emperor's new clothes or an engine for regional development"). *Riv ner Bygg nytt. En debattbok om samhällsstrukturer vid vägskäl*. Gävle, Tjänsteforum - Gävle.

Wörlund, I. (1990).

*Kampen om det ideologiska rummet: en studie av variationer i SAP:s regionala väljarstöd 1921-1940 mot bakgrund av partiorganisatorisk aktivitet och lokal organisationsmiljö*. ("Fighting for ideological space: variance in the regional support of the Swedish Social Democratic Party 1921-40: a study of party organizational activity and local organizational environment"). Umeå, Umeå University

Zakrisson, I. (1998).

Föräldrakooperativa daghem: ett uttryck för medborgarkultur ("Parent co-operative pre-schools: An expression of civic culture"). Stockholm, Föreningen Kooperativa Studier.

Zamboni, M. (2002).

Vilken rättstat vill svenska hjälporganisationer exportera? ("What kind of civil law state do the aid organisations want to export?"). P. Hallberg and C. Lernestedt, Eds. *Svenska värderingar? Att se och ompröva det invanda*, 135-150. Stockholm, Carlsson.

Zetterberg, H. L. (1995).

Civila samhället, demokratin och välfärdsstaten ("Civil society, democracy and the welfare state"). L. Trägårdh, Ed. *Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor*. Stockholm, SNS Förlag.

This article is the third chapter in *Civilt samhälle kontra offentlig sektor*, edited by Lars Trägårdh. Zetterberg provides a relatively wide theoretical framework for civic society research, reaching back to the Greek classics and the philosophers of the Enlightenment. This theoretic framework is used as a means of further understanding the role of civic society and its relation to the modern welfare state.

Österberg, F. and Socialstyrelsen (1998).

*Den nya frivilligheten* ("The new voluntarism"). Stockholm, National Board on Health and Welfare.

# PUBLICATIONS FROM THE RESEARCH DEPARTMENT

## Occasional paper series

1. Bergmark Åke (1994). *Från bidrag till ersättning? – om kommunernas stöd till de frivilliga organisationerna inom den sociala sektorn.*
2. Jeppsson Grassman Eva (1994). *Third Age Volunteering in Sweden.*
3. Nordfeldt Marie (1994). *Frivilliga organisationers insatser för bemlösa.*
4. Lundström Tommy och Wijkström Filip (1995). *Från röst till service? – den svenska ideella sektorn i förändring.*
5. Johansson Göran (1997). *Möta hin, möta sig själv – en studie av arbetet vid Stiftelsen Noaks Ark-Röda korset.*
6. Stål Rolf (1997). *De mest utsatta – om människors kapacitet och behov av socialt stöd.*
7. Johansson Göran (1997). *För mycke jag, för lite Jesus – LP-stiftelsens vård av missbrukare sedd ur ett socialantropologiskt perspektiv.*
8. Jeppsson Grassman Eva (1997). *För andra och för mig – det frivilliga arbetets innebörder.*
9. Karlsson Magnus (1997). *Självhjälpsgrupper i Sverige – en introduktion.*
10. Lundström Tommy (1997). *Barnavårdsorganisationer vid två sekelskiften – frivilligt barnavårdsarbete förr och nu.*
11. Johansson Göran (1998). *Det lilla extra – om frivilligcentralen i Tyresö.*
12. Johansson Göran (1998). *Saligare att ge – om givandets problem – ett missionsexempel.*
13. Forssell Emilia (1999). *Äldres död – anhöriga och personal berättar.*
14. Karlsson Magnus (2000). *Delade erfarenheter – om självhjälpsgrupper i Sverige.*
15. Johansson Göran (2001). *Varför hade Moses en syster? Antropologiska aspekter på berättelser och föreskrifter ur moseböckerna.*
16. Johansson Göran (2001). *Välsignelse eller förbannelse? Om koka och kokabruk.*
17. Jeppsson Grassman Eva (2001). *Medmänniska och anhörig. En studie av informella hjälpinsatser.*
18. Meeuwisse Anna (2001). *Ett högriskprojekt. Om missbrukarrehabilitering på Basta Arbetskooperativ.*
19. Hansson Jan-Håkan och Wijkström Filip (2001). *Civilt samhälle, social ekonomi eller nonprofit? Fallet Basta Arbetskooperativ. Slutrapport från ett forskningsprojekt.*
20. Engel Charlotte (2002). *För en ny tid? Förskjutning eller förnyelse - en inventering av diakonins dilemma.*
21. Johansson Göran (2003). *Att räcka varandra handen. Mångsidig, entydig, kontinuerlig - narkotikaprevention i norra Örebro län.*
22. Lundström Tommy (2004). *Teorier om frivilligt socialt arbete. En diskussion om forskningens läge och organisationernas framtid.*
23. Blennberger Erik, Habermann Ulla och Jeppsson Grassmann Eva (2004). *Genus och civilt samhälle.*
24. Karlsson Magnus, Borkman Thomasina, Munn-Giddings Carol och Smith Lesley (2005). *Self-help Organizations for Mental Health - a Cross-National Study.*
25. Johansson Göran (2005). *Särslaregnets tid. Fragment och bilder från Betania - pingstförsamling i och ur tiden.*

## Working paper series

1. Granath Kristina (1997). *"Det var så mycket jag inte förstod..." – en intervjuundersökning med vuxna barn till psykiskt sjuka föräldrar.*
2. Boklund Ann (1997). *Paraply för social frivillighet? – granskning av Forum för frivilligt socialt arbete de tre första verksamhetsåren.*
3. Hansson Jan-Håkan och Wijkström Filip (1997). *Basta – beskrivning och analys av ett arbetskooperativ.*
4. Olby Britta (1997). *"Gör sjukhuskyrkan någon nytta?" – en studie av attityder till sjukhuskyrkan.*
5. Forssell Emilia (1998). *Vilka är förlorarna? – om utsatta grupper i välfärden på 1990-talet.*
6. Forssell Emilia (1998). *Anhörigas organisering – en studie av två anhörigföreningar.*
7. Trygged Sven (1998). *Making Work Work.*
8. Jess Kari (1998). *Kvalitet för brukare – frivilligt socialt arbete ur ett brukarperspektiv.*
9. Amnå Erik, Lundström Tommy och Svedberg Lars (2000). *Three Essays on Volunteerism and Voluntary Organizations.*
10. Olsson Lars-Erik (1998). *Givande och tagande – interaktion mellan frivilliga organisationer och kommuner.*
11. Meeuwisse Anna (1999). *Debatten om välfärdsstaten och det civila samhället.*
12. Olsson Lars-Erik (2000). *På olika villkor – samverkan mellan kommun och frivillig organisation.*
13. Karlsson Magnus (2000). *Bara en alkoholist kan förstå en alkoholist – deltagare i självhjälpsgrupper berättar.*
14. Holmberg Carin (2000). *Aspekter av kvinnosynen i missbruksbehandling – empiriska exempel och teoretiska funderingar.*
15. Hansson Jan-Håkan, Jegermalm Magnus och Whitaker Anna (2000). *Att ge och ta emot hjälp. Anhöriginsatser för äldre och anhörigstöd – en kunskapsöversikt.*
16. Trygged Sven (2000). *Från fristuga till friskola – ett föräldrakooperativ i förändring.*
17. Jegermalm Magnus och Whitaker Anna (2000). *Upptäckten av anhöriga? – kommuners och frivilliga organisationers stöd till äldres anhöriga i Stockholms län.*
18. Forssell Emilia (2000). *Anhörig till äldre invandrare – en fallstudie av anhöriga till äldre utomeuropeiska invandrare utan offentlig äldreomsorg.*
19. Orsholm Ingrid (2001). *Anhörigskapets variationer – Åtta berättelser från hjälpgivare i olika miljöer.*
20. Jess Kari (2001). *Effektivitet, brukarmedverkan och kommunala bidrag – en utvärdering av mål, resurser, insatser och brukarkommunikation inom sociala frivilligorganisationer i Stockholm.*
21. Bender Christine och Holmberg Carin (2001). *När alla sköter sitt... – Hur ser stöd och hjälp ut till misshandlade kvinnor i kommuner utan kvinnojour?.*
22. Olby Britta (2001). *Väntjänst och välfärd – ett brukarperspektiv.*
23. Orsholm Ingrid (2002). *Anhörigengagemang – Två studier på Gotland.*
24. Bodin Magnus (2002). *Församlingar ger ekonomiskt bistånd – ett uttryck för diakoni i Stockholms stad.*
25. Jegermalm Magnus (2002). *Anhörigstöd – en uppföljningsstudie av kommuners och frivilligorganisationers stöd till äldres anhöriga.*
26. Orsholm Ingrid (2002). *Mellan hem och institution – Flexibel avlösning för anhöriga till demenssjuka.*
27. Whitaker Anna (2002). *Att dela den gamlas sista tid – En studie av anhöriga på sjukhem.*
28. Forssell Emilia (2002). *Anhöriga till äldre invandrare med offentlig äldreomsorg. En fallstudie.*
29. Nordqvist Ola (2004). *Ersta Värdpunktens vuxenprogram – En studie av deltagarnas värderingar och upplevelser.*
30. Engel Charlotte (2003). *Fri eller förankrad? En empirisk studie av volontärverksamhet och ideella insatser inom Stiftelsen Stora Sköndal.*

31. Engel Charlotte (2003). *Volontärer – för vem och för vad? Kritisk granskning av en verksamhet inom Stiftelsen Stora Sköndal*.
32. Christiansson Elisabeth (2003). "Först och framför allt själen". *Diakonins tankevärld omkring år 1850*.
33. Börjeson Martin (2004). "Vi vet inte vilka metoder vi ska använda" - *Om relationen mellan kunskap och praktik i Stockholms kommuns sociala arbete med hemlöshetsfrågor 1965-2000*.
34. Alwall Jonas (red.) (2004). *Vägar till kvalitetsutveckling inom socionomutbildningen. Rapport från ett pedagogiskt utvecklingsprojekt*.
35. Börjeson Martin (2005). *Med kunskap som grund? Om relationen mellan kunskap och praktik i fyra kommuners sociala arbete med hemlöshetsfrågor*. Elektroniskt utgiven på vår hemsida <http://www.esh.se>
36. Jegermalm Magnus och Sundh Kenneth (2005). *Social mobilisering i frivillig regi. En studie av Svenska Röda Korsets arbete med lokala utsatthets- och kapacitetsstudier*.
37. Björktomta Siv-Britt (2005). *Unga kvinnor, frihet och beder - om socialt arbete och bedersrelaterat våld*.
38. Grosse Julia (2005). *Nonprofitorganisationer inom vård och omsorg. En explorativ genomgång av kunskapsläget i Sverige, Kanada och Storbritannien*. Elektroniskt utgiven på vår hemsida <http://www.esh.se>
39. Olsson Lars-Erik, Jeppsson Grassman Eva och Svedberg Lars (under utgivning). *Medborgarnas insatser och engagemang i civilsamhället - några grundläggande uppgifter från en ny befolkningsstudie*. Elektronisk utgivning på vår hemsida <http://www.esh.se>
40. Vamstad Johan (2006). *A literary overview of the Swedish civil society research*. Elektronisk utgivning på vår hemsida <http://www.esh.se>

## Offprint series

1. Lundström Tommy (1995). *Frivilligt socialt arbete under omprövning*. I Socialvetenskaplig Tidskrift, årgång 2, nr 1.
2. Lundström Tommy (1995). *Staten och det frivilliga sociala arbetet i Sverige*. I Kurt Klaudi Klausen & Per Selle (red.) *Frivillig organisering i Norden*. Oslo: Tano.
3. Jeppsson Grassman Eva och Svedberg Lars (1995). *Frivilligt socialt arbete i Sverige – både mer och mindre*. I Erik Amnå (red.) *Medmänsklighet att hyra? Åtta forskare om ideell verksamhet*. Örebro: Libris.
4. Svedberg Lars (1996). *Frivillighet som ideologiskt slagträ och faktisk verksamhet*. I Ojämlighet från vaggan till graven – på väg in i 2/3-samhället. FKF Fakta.
5. Lundström Tommy (1996). *The State and Voluntary Social Work in Sweden*. I *Voluntas*, årgång 7, nr 2.
6. Jeppsson Grassman Eva och Svedberg Lars (1996). *Voluntary Action in a Scandinavian Welfare Context: the Case of Sweden*. I *Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly*, årgång 25, nr 4.
7. Lundström Tommy och Svedberg Lars (1998). *Svensk frivillighet i internationell belysning – en inledning*. I *Socialvetenskaplig Tidskrift*, årgång 5, nr 2-3.
8. Jeppsson Grassman Eva och Svedberg Lars (1999). *Medborgarskapets gestaltningar – insatser i och utanför föreningslivet*. I Erik Amnå (red.) *SOU 1999:84. Civilsamhället. Demokratiutredningens forskarvolym nr. 8*.
9. Svedberg Lars (2001). *Spelar ideella och informella insatser någon roll för svensk välfärd?* I Marta Szebehely (red.) *SOU 2001:52. Välfärdstjänster i omvandling. Forskarantologi från Kommittén Välfärdsbokslut*.
10. Lundström Tommy och Svedberg Lars (2003). *The Voluntary Sector in a Social Democratic Welfare State - The Case of Sweden*. I *Journal of Social Policy*, årgång 32, nr 2.
11. Svedberg Lars och Vamstad Johan (under utgivning). *The civil society and the provision of welfare – ideological visions and social realities*. I Aila-Leena Matthies (red.) (under utgivning) *Nordic civic society organizations and future of welfare services – A model Europe? Report of the "state of knowledge"-project on research of third sector in the area of welfare services in Nordic countries*. Köpenhamn: Tema Nord 2006.

## Applied papers

1. Norlin Lena och Olsson Lars-Erik (2000). *Partner sökes – Samverkan mellan kommuner och frivilliga organisationer*.
2. Sjöberg Malena (red.) (2001). *Men hur mår Du själv? – Om stöd till dem som vårdar anhöriga*.
3. Engel Charlotte (2003). *Se det som är. Diakonal inventering i brytningstid*.

## Other publications from the Research Department

- SOU 1993:82. *Frivilligt socialt arbete i Sverige. Kartläggning och kunskapsöversikt*. Svedberg Lars, Blennberger Erik, Isaksson Kerstin, Jeppsson Grassman Eva, Qvarsell Roger.
- Svedberg Lars (1995). *Marginalitet. Ett socialt dilemma*. Lund: Studentlitteratur.
- Blennberger Erik och Svedberg Lars (1996). Frivilligt socialt arbete i Sverige - en översikt. I *Frivilligt välfärdsarbete och offentlig ansvar*. Göteborg: NOPUS.
- Gunnarsson Evy (1996). *Forum 50+ - en organisation i tiden*. Stockholm: Svenska kommunförbundet.
- Svedberg Lars (1996). Introduktion till svensk frivillighet - ideologi och verksamhet. I *Tro och tanke*. Svenska Kyrkans forskningsråd 1996:7.
- Lundström Tommy och Wijkström Filip (1997). Defining the Nonprofit Sector: Sweden. I Salomon M Lester och Anheier K Helmut (ed). *Defining the Nonprofit Sector. A Cross-national analysis*. Manchester: Manchester University Press.
- Lundström Tommy och Wijkström Filip (1997). *The Nonprofit Sector in Sweden*. Manchester: Manchester University Press.
- Holmberg Carin och Bender Christine (1998). *Våld mot kvinnor – män i kris*. SoS-rapport 1998:6. Stockholm: Fritzes förlag.
- Johansson Göran (1998). *Måttligt eller meningsfullt*. Stockholm: Folkhälsoinstitutet.
- Svedberg Lars (1998). *Marginella positioner – kritisk granskning av begrepp, teori och empiri*. Stockholm: Epidemiologiskt centrum.
- Blennberger Erik (1999). Etiska problem i missbrukarvården. I *Alkohol och narkotika – politik, vård och dilemman*. Stockholm: Socialvetenskapliga forskningsrådet (SFR).
- Blennberger Erik, Hansson Mats J, Stål Rolf (1999). *Diakoni – teologi, ideologi, praxis*. Tro & Tanke 1999:2. Uppsala: Svenska kyrkans forskningsråd.
- Whitaker Anna (1999). *I livets slutskede: Frivilligsamverkan i vården*. Stockholm: Socialstyrelsen.
- Johansson Göran (2000). *Twång och tillit. LVM-vård som kulturell ingenjörskonst – exemplet Hornö*. Stockholm: Statens institutionsstyrelses forskningsråd.
- Svedberg Lars och Jeppsson Grassman Eva (2001). Frivilliga insatser i svensk välfärd – med utblickar mot de nordiska grannländerna. I Bjarne Ibsen och Lars Skov Henriksen (red.): *Antologi om frivilligt arbejde*. Odense: Odense universitetsforlag.
- Hammare Ulf och Lundström Tommy (2001). *Socialt inriktade barn- och ungdomsorganisationer. En kunskapsöversikt*. Socialstyrelsen.
- Jegermalm Magnus (2002). Direct and Indirect Support for Carers. Patterns of Support for Informal Caregivers to Elderly People in Sweden. I *Journal of Gerontological Social Work*, volym 38, nr 4, sid. 67-84.
- Jeppsson Grassman Eva och Svedberg Lars (2002). Frivilligt socialt arbete i Sverige. Betydelsefullt men löser inte välfärdens dilemma. I *Sociologen* nr 4, sid.1-5.
- Johansson Göran (2002). *Bete sig normalt – positioner, perspektiv och problem i den vuxna familjehemsvården*. Statens institutionsstyrelses forskningsråd.
- Karlsson Magnus, Jeppsson Grassman Eva och Hansson Jan-Håkan (2002). Self-help Groups in the Welfare State: Treatment Program or Voluntary Action? I *Nonprofit Management and Leadership*, volym 13, nr 2, sid. 155-167.
- Nordfeldt Marie och Söderholm Johan (2002). *Frivilligorganisationer som uppdragstagare. Vad betyder det för brukarna?* Socialstyrelsen.
- Blennberger Erik (2003). Etik för politik – med äldrepolitik som exempel. I *SOU 2003:91, bil A. Äldrepolitik för framtiden*.
- Cederlöf Siv-Britt (2003). *Att arbeta med patriarkala familjer*. Kommunförbundet Stockholms län.
- Hammare Ulf och Stenbacka Susan (2003). *Socialt inriktade organisationer som arbetar mot missbruk - vilka är de, vad gör de och vad vet forskarna?* Stockholm: Socialstyrelsen.

- Holmberg Carin och Bender Christine (2003). "Det är något speciellt i den här frågan" – Om det lokalpolitiska samtalet om mäns våld mot kvinnor. Umeå: Brottsoffermyndigheten.
- Jeppsson Grassmann Eva (red.) (2003). *Anböringskapets uttrycksformer*. Lund: Studentlitteratur.
- Svedberg Lars (2003). Att vara sårbar och få en marginell ställning. I Eva Jeppsson Grassman m fl *Att drabbas och att forma sitt liv*. Lund: Studentlitteratur.
- Svedberg Lars och Jeppsson Grassman Eva (2003). Frivilligt socialt arbete i Sverige. Vad vet vi efter 10 års forskning. I *Jubileumsskrift 2003, Forum för frivilligt socialt arbete*.
- Börjeson Bengt (2004). *Att skapa starka forskningsmiljöer - diskussion och förslag beträffande organisering och inriktning av forskningen vid Hum/Sam fakulteten vid Växjö universitet*. Växjö: Växjö universitet.
- Börjeson Bengt (2004). Från Skås försök. En diskussion om relationen kunskap och social praktik. I: *Perspektiv på kunskapsutveckling inom socialtjänsten*. Socialstyrelsen.
- Börjeson Bengt (2004). A Breakthrough for a New Way of Thinking and Acting - the Development of Child Welfare and Childcare in the Republic of Belarus. I Sven Trygged (red): *Orphaned Children in Belarus*. Institutionen för socialt arbete, Stockholms Universitet.
- Börjeson Bengt (2004). Freud och Sartre. Steg på väg mot tystnaden. I: Staffan Selander(red): *Text och tolkning*. Göteborg: Daidalos förlag.
- Börjeson Bengt (2004). Skolan i samhället – om strukturer av social exkludering I: *För oss tillsammans - Om utbildning och utvecklingsstörning* (SOU 2004:98).
- Hammare Ulf (2004). *Kompetens i de sociala professionerna - en pilotstudie*. Stockholm: Socialstyrelsen.
- Holmberg Carin och Enander Viveka (2004). *Varför går hon?- Om våldsutsatta kvinnors uppbrottsprocesser*. Ystad: Kabusa Böcker.
- Jegermalm Magnus (2004). Informal care and support for carers in Sweden: patterns of service receipt among informal caregivers and care recipients. I *European Journal of Social Work*. Volym 7, nr 1, sid. 7-24.
- Karlsson Magnus (2004). Rehabiliterings- och självhjälpsinsatser för och av personer med psykisk sjukdom – En kvalitativ studie av Fountain House i Stockholm. I *Socialmedicinsk tidskrift*, nr 4, sid. 370-379.
- Karlsson Magnus (2004). Klubbhus - övergångsansättning vid ett klubbhus, möjlig rehabiliterande insats för personer med psykisk sjukdom? I *Svensk rehabilitering*, nr 4, sid. 370-379.
- Blennberger Erik (2005). Offentlig och ideell sektor - partners för ett gott samhälle. I *Gatljus*, nr 3, sid. 8-10. *Kvartalstidskrift från Göteborgs Kyrkliga Stadsmission*.
- Blennberger Erik (2005). *Etik i socialpolitik och socialt arbete*. Lund: Studentlitteratur.
- Blennberger Erik (2005). Etik för socialt arbete. I *Socionomen* 2005, nr 7, sid 7-11.
- Blennberger Erik (2005). Etik i socialt arbete – några kommentarer om läget i Sverige. I *NOPUS-nytt 2005:3. Etik och socialt arbete i Norden* (www.nopus.org).
- Blennberger Erik (2005). Världighet, frihet, rättvisa, jämlikhet, rättigheter och goda konsekvenser. Kommentarer om etiska värden och normer av relevans för Assistanskommitténs uppdrag. *Bilaga 10 i SOU 2005:100. På den assistansberättigades uppdrag. Delbetänkande av Assistanskommittén*.
- Börjeson Martin (2005). "Försök att systematiskt koppla socialtjänst, högre utbildning och forskning i Sverige" i *Empiri, evidens, Nordiska röster om kunskapsutveckling i socialt arbete*. Malmö: NOPUS.
- Franzén Eva M. och Kassman Anders (2005). Longer-term Labour-market Consequences of Economic Inactivity during Young Adulthood: A Swedish National Cohort study i *Journal of Youth Studies*. Volym 8, nr 4, sid. 403-424.
- Habermann Ulla, Ottesen Laila & Skristad Berit (2005): It will solve itself(?) - on the attitudes of Scandinavian sports managers towards equal opportunities. I Annette R. Hofmann & Else Trangbæk (ed.): *International Perspectives on Sporting Women in Past and Present*. Institut for Idræt, Köpenhamns Universitet.
- Johansson Göran (2005). *Påverkan eller total förändring? Kritik av en förhållning med avstamp i ett program mot missbruk och kriminalitet*. Statens institutionsstyrelsens forskningsråd.
- Johansson Göran (2005). *Ett anständigt sätt. Beskrivning av verksamheten vid dubbeldiagnosteamet Pilen i Västervik*. Fokus Kalmar län.
- Lundåsen Susanne (2005). *Frivilliga insatser och hälsa*. Statens Folkhälsoinstitut.
- Olsson Lars-Erik, Nordfeldt Marie, Larsson Ola och Kendall Jeremy (2005). *The third sector and the policy process in Sweden: a centralised horizontal third sector community under strain*. London School of Economic and Political Sciences, TSEP working papers nr 3. Elektronisk utgivning på <http://www.lse.ac.uk/Collections/TSEP>

- Olsson Lars-Erik m fl (2005). *The challenges of translation: the convention and debates on the future of Europe from the perspective of European third sectors*. London School of Economic and Political Sciences, TSEP working paper nr 12. Elektronisk utgivning på <http://www.lse.ac.uk/Collections/TSEP>
- Svedberg Lars (2005). Några karaktäristika och utvecklingsdrag för frivilligt socialt arbete. I *Socialstyrelsen och den sociala ideella sektorn*. Socialstyrelsen.
- Svedberg Lars (2005). Det civila samhället och välfärden. I Erik Amnå (red.) *Civilsamhället - några forskningsfrågor*. Hedemora: Riksbankens Jubileumsfond och Gidlunds förlag.
- Blennerger Erik (2006). Etik för socialt arbete. I Anna Meeuwisse, Sune Sunesson och Hans Swärd (red.) *Socialt arbete – en grundbok*. Stockholm: Natur och Kultur.
- Börjeson Bengt, Börjeson Martin och Svedberg Lars (2006). Att utveckla kunskapen i socialt arbete genom att återigen sätta praktiken i centrum. I Anna Meeuwisse, Sune Sunesson och Hans Swärd (red.) *Socialt arbete – en grundbok*. Stockholm: Natur och Kultur.
- Habermann Ulla, Ottesen Laila, Pfister Gertrud & Skristad Berit (2006): *Det løser sig selv (?) - om idræt og kvindeligt lederskab*. Idrætshistorisk Årbog 2005. Institut for Idræt, Københavns Universitet.
- Karlsson Magnus (2006). *Självhjälpsgrupper – teori och praktik*. Lund: Studentlitteratur.
- Nordfeldt Marie och Olsson Lars-Erik (2006) Trösklar och gränshinder på bostadsmarknaden. I Paulina de los Reyes (red.) *Om välfärdens gränser och det villkorade medborgarskapet*, SOU 2006:37.
- Svedberg Lars (2006). Mer omfattande insatser än någonsin. I *Svensk kyrkotidning*, nr 5-6.
- Trägårdh Lars (2006). ”Staten och samhället: Från SSUs folkrörelser till Timbros civilsamhälle” i Håkan A. Bengtsson (red) *I rörelse. Folkrörelse och demokratin*. Stockholm: Atlas.
- Börjeson Martin och Hansson Jan-Håkan (under utgivning). ”Om behoven av att bygga andras kunskap” i *Nordisk Sosialt Arbeid*.
- Christiansson Elisabeth (under utgivning). *Kyrklig och social reform. Motiveringar till diakoni 1845-1965*. Stockholm: Artos & Norma.
- Jegermalm Magnus (under utgivning). Informal care in Sweden: a typology of care and care-givers. I *International Journal of Social Welfare*.
- Jeppsson Grassman Eva och Svedberg Lars (under utgivning). Civic Participation in the Welfare State: Patterns in Contemporary Sweden. I Trägårdh Lars (red. ) *State and Civil Society in Northern Europe: The Swedish Model Reconsidered*. New York: Berghahn Books.
- Svedberg Lars och Vamstad Johan (under utgivning). The civil society and the provision of welfare – ideological visions and social realities. I Aila-Leena Matthies (ed.) *Nordic civic society organisations and future of welfare services - A model for Europe?* Nordic Council of Ministers. Tema Nord 2006. Copenhagen.
- Trägårdh Lars (red. ) (under utgivning). *State and Civil Society in Northern Europe: The Swedish Model Reconsidered*. New York: Berghahn Books.







## WORKING PAPER SERIES

This literary overview of the Swedish civil society research is collected from a new database created by the author for a Nordic research project called "Citizens intermediate organisations and governance of the challenges of welfare services in Nordic societies". The literary overview covers Swedish research publications on the civil society from 1988 to the present date. The survey on which the database and the overview are based was conducted during 2005, covering research literature about civil society regardless of academic discipline or format. The result is a rare collection of references in English, in special cases with an added short abstract for further understanding. The literary overview is designed to work as a tool for anyone who writes about or work with issues concerning the civil society, as a student, researcher or in some other capacity.

### Ersta Sköndal University College

Campus Sköndal, Box 441, 128 06 Sköndal, Sweden

*Visiting adress* Herbert Widmans väg 12, Sköndal, Stockholm

*Telephone* +46 8 555 05 130, *Fax* +46 8 555 05 165

*E-mail* Sari.Nurminen@esh.se